AUBURN CITY COUNCIL

DA-41/2015 14-16 Hill Road, SYDNEY OLYMPIC PARK

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Applicant	Development Director Urban Growth				
Owner	Maritime Authority of NSW				
Application No.	DA-41/2015				
Description of Land	Pt Lot 3 DP 859608, 14-16 Hill Road, SYDNEY OLYMPIC PARK				
Proposed Development	Staged development proposal for distribution of gross floor area across lots 101 to 107 including demolition of existing buildings, tree removal, earthworks, site remediation, construction of roads, sea wall and public domain works				
Site Area	4164.00m ²				
Zoning	Zone RE1- Public Recreation Zone R4 - High Density				
	Residential				
Disclosure of political	Nil disclosure				
donations and gifts					
Issues	Nil				

1. Recommendation

a. That Development Application No. DA-41/2015 for Staged development proposal for distribution of gross floor area across lots 101 to 107 including demolition of existing buildings, tree removal, earthworks, site remediation, construction of roads, sea wall and public domain works on land at Pt Lot 3 DP 859608, 14-16 Hill Road, SYDNEY OLYMPIC PARK be approved subject to conditions listed in the attached scheduled.

2. Background

The Wentworth Point Urban Activation Precinct is part of a NSW government initiative established in 2013 to facilitate housing supply and increase housing choice and affordability in the broader Sydney metropolitan region.

The precinct to be developed comprises of 2 parcels of land known as the Burroway Road Site (Pt Lot 2 in DP 859608) and the Hill Road site (Pt Lot 3 in DP 859608). The two parcels are located at the northern end of Wentworth Point precinct with a total combined land area of approximately 18.6 hectares and both parcels are currently under the ownership of NSW Roads and Maritime Services (RMS).

The statement of environmental effects submitted with this application provides a delivery/staging of works plan for the Wentworth Point Precinct, where subsequent applications for the overall redevelopment of the Wentworth Point Precinct are to be submitted including:

- DA 1A subdivision of Hill Road site to create lots for residential development, roads and a public reserve.
- DA 1B (subject of this application) Hill Road site establishment works, distribution of GFA across lots 101 to 107 including demolition, earthworks, roadwork, drainage, servicing and public domain.
- DA 2A subdivision of Burroway Road site to create lots for residential development, a school, maritime uses and a peninsula park.

- DA 2B Burroway Road site establishment works, including demolition, earthworks, roadwork, drainage, servicing and public domain (including construction of the peninsula park). Will also include subdivision to create roads.
- DA 3 Wentworth Point Marina.
- DA 4 Wentworth Point Boathouse.

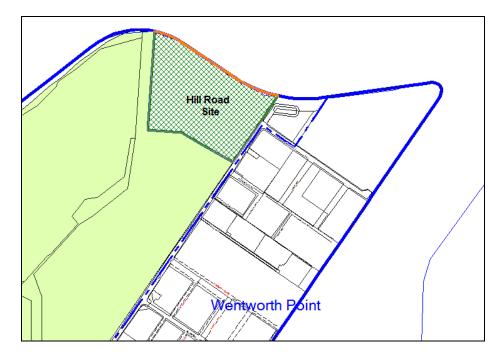
As indicated above, DA 1A for subdivision is the first stage of the Hill Road site to create lots for residential use and currently forms part of a separate development application no. DA-274/2014, whilst DA 1B is for civil infrastructure and site preparation works which is the subject of this application. Approval for the development of the land use will form part of future separate development applications.

3. Site and Locality Description

The subject site relevant to this particular application is legally described as Pt Lot 3 in DP 859608, 14-16 Hill Road, Sydney Olympic Park and is known as the Hill Road Site. The site is located on the western extension of Burroway Road in Wentworth Point and comprises a total land area of approximately 94,561 m². The site is currently under the ownership of NSW Roads and Maritime Services (RMS).

The site is strategically located close to the geographic centre of the metropolitan Sydney region approximately 12km west of the Sydney CBD and 6km east of the Parramatta CBD. Wentworth Point which extends south presently accommodates industrial uses which is undergoing transformation into a growing residential community.

The subject site relevant to this application is identified in the plan below:





4. Description of Proposed Development

A staged development application (concept proposal) for distribution of gross floor area as well as civil infrastructure site preparation works is planned for the Hill Road site. This application represents the second stage in the delivery and staging requirements for the Wentworth Point Urban Activation Precinct and various separate applications will be subsequently lodged.

Approval is sought for the following:

Concept proposal:-

Distribution of gross floor area across the following lots shown below comprising a total of $188,800 \text{ m}^2$

Lot number	Proposed GFA	Land use
Lot 101	45,348	Residential
Lot 102	35,267	Residential
Lot 103	19,627	Residential
Lot 104	28,484	Residential
Lot 105	27,141	Residential
Lot 106	25,829	Residential
Lot 107	7,104	Residential
Road	-	-
Total	188,800 m ²	-

- · Detailed site and civil infrastructure works:
 - a. Demolition of existing buildings
 - b. Site clearing and tree removal
 - c. Bulk earthworks
 - d. Remediation of the site
 - e. Construction of roads
 - f. Stormwater management and erosion control works
 - g. Water, sewerage, communications, electricity and gas servicing

- h. Construction of a sea wall
- i. Public domain works, such as a public promenade, street trees and local embellishments (seating etc).

5. Referrals

The development application was referred to the following relevant internal Council departments for comment:-

Engineering

Council's engineer has raised no objections to the proposed civil works on Pt Lot 3 subject to the imposition of recommended conditions on any development consent.

(b) External Referrals

The application was referred to the following approval agencies for comment:

a) Sydney Olympic Park Authority (SOPA)

In accordance with Section 27 of the Sydney Olympic Park Authority Act 2001 and Clause 14 of Sydney Regional Environmental Plan Number 24 Homebush Bay Area, a copy of the development application was referred to Sydney Olympic Park Authority for comment.

In correspondence dated 29 April 2015, the comments received from Sydney Olympic Park Authority provided specific advisory conditions to be imposed on the consent with regard to SOPA landfill infrastructure, sediment and erosion control, ecological and amenity impacts to adjoining lands, green and golden bell frog, illumination/light spill. Other concerns raised by SOPA which required further clarification include stormwater management, water cycle management, trunk drainage, water quality, WRAMS and public domain works.

Comment: Council Officers acknowledge the above concerns raised by SOPA and it is considered that the concerns raised can be addressed via conditions of consent and during CC stage.

b) Roads and Maritime Services

In accordance with Section 87 of the Roads Act 1993, the application was referred to RMS for comment. In correspondence dated 28 April 2015, the comments received from RMS advised that the following additional information was required including detailed traffic signal plan for Burroway Road/Hill Road and Raw traffic modelling data and report.

Comment: Council Officers acknowledge the above concerns raised by RMS and appropriate deferred commencement conditions will be imposed to ensure the matters raised are appropriately addressed prior to the issue of operational consent.

c) <u>Department of Primary Industries (Office of Water and Fisheries NSW)</u>

The following referrals were made to the subsidiary government bodies for comment including:

Office of Water

Whilst it is noted that integrated provisions under the EP&A Act 1979 do not apply to development applications by the Crown, it is considered good practice to refer the subject application to the NSW Office of Water for their information and comment for precautionary means as the subject land adjoins river foreshore - Homebush Bay.

On 12 May 2015, Council received an email correspondence from NSW Office of Water advising that there are no comments regarding the works proposed on the waterfront land. Notwithstanding, it was advised that a referral to Fisheries NSW should be made to ensure compliance with the Fisheries Management Act 1994.

Fisheries NSW

As above, the application was referred to Fisheries NSW for comment. On 14 July 2015, Council received formal comments which provided advisory conditions during construction or demolition process to minimise impacts on aquatic environment.

d) Foreshore and Waterways Planning Advisory Committee

On 20 April 2015, in accordance with Clause 29 and Schedule 2 of the Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005, the application was referred to the Foreshore and Waterways Planning and Advisory committee for consideration and comment.

To date, Council has yet to receive a formal response in relation to the above referral. In this regard, concurrence may be assumed.

6. Crown development application

Crown Development

The development proposal constitutes development by the "Crown" for the purposes of Division 4 Part 4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act as detailed below:

Section 88(1) and 88(2) of the EPA Act relevantly provides the following:

"Crown development application" means a <u>development application</u> made by or on behalf of the Crown.

and.

A reference in this Division to the Crown:

(a) includes a reference to a <u>person</u> who is prescribed by the <u>regulations</u> to be the Crown for the purposes of this Division:

Clause 226(1)(a) of the EPA Regulations provides the following:

The following persons are prescribed for the purposes of Division 4 of Part 4 of the Act (as referred to in section 88 (2) (a) of the Act):

(a) a public authority (not being Council)

It is noted that the Roads and Maritime Services is a public authority. Given that this application is made on behalf of RMS, as a consequent, the subject development application constitutes a "Crown" development for the purposes of division 4 of the Act as referred to above.

Determination of Crown development applications

In view of the above, it should be noted that Section 89 of the EPA Act precludes a consent authority, including a regional panel, from refusing a Crown development application, except with the approval of the Minister, or from imposing a condition of consent to a Crown development application, except with the approval of the applicant or the Minister.

7. The provisions of any Environmental Planning Instruments (EP& A Act s79C(1)(a)(i))

The proposed development is affected by the following Environmental Planning Policies.

7.1 State Environmental Planning Policy No.55 - Remediation of Land

The requirement at Clause 7 of SEPP 55 for Council to be satisfied that the site is suitable or can be made suitable to accommodate the proposed development has been considered in the following table:-

	11/			
Matter for Consideration	Yes/No			
Does the application involve re-development of the site or a change of land use?	Yes No			
In the development going to be used for a sensitive land use (eg: residential, educational, recreational, childcare or hospital)?	Yes No			
Does information available to you indicate that an activity listed below has ever been approved, or occurred at the site? acid/alkali plant and formulation, agricultural/horticultural activities, airports, asbestos production and disposal, chemicals manufacture and formulation, defence works, drum re-conditioning works, dry cleaning establishments, electrical manufacturing (transformers), electroplating and heat treatment premises, engine works, explosive industry, gas works, iron and steel works, landfill sites, metal treatment, mining and extractive industries, oil production and storage, paint formulation and manufacture, pesticide manufacture and formulation, power stations, railway yards, scrap yards, service stations, sheep and cattle dips, smelting and refining, tanning and associated trades, waste storage and treatment, wood preservation	Yes No			
Is the site listed on Council's Contaminated Land database?	Yes No			
Is the site subject to EPA clean-up order or other EPA restrictions?	Yes No			
Has the site been the subject of known pollution incidents or illegal dumping?	Yes No			
Does the site adjoin any contaminated land/previously contaminated land?	Yes No			
Details of contamination investigations carried out at the site:				
The application has been accompanied by a soil contamination assessment and more importantly a display Action Plan (RAP), prepared by Parson Brinckerhoff dated 9/01/15, reference no. 2207004B-RES-RIC, Site Audit and Interim Audit Advice prepared by JBS&G, dated 9 December 2014.				
Council's referral from the environmental health officer has provided the following advice based on the provided above:	e reports			
 "The information provided includes a detailed contamination assessment by Parsons Brinkerhoff (appendix F) which assesses the existing road portion of the site development. Appendix G provides a Detailed RAP for the proposed infrastructure delivery development. This RAP Identifies the preferred remediation option of capping the site and implementing a long term environmental management Plan for the site consistent with option 3 of previously reviewed conceptual RAPS for the site. As part of the process JBS&G have been engaged by to conduct a site audit of the Wentworth point development. Appendix H is interim Audit Advice provided by JBS&G dated 9 December 2014. This advice (whilst not considered a site Audit statement or site audit report provides an overview/assessment of currently available information and provides that it is considered that the proposed remediation is technically feasible; is environmentally justifiable given the nature and extent of contamination at the site; and is considered with relevant laws, polies and guidelines. The interim advice for the Auditor also provides that the auditor considers that the infrastructure portion of the site can be made suitable for the proposed land use." 				
Having regard to the above, it is considered that the application is satisfactory and can be supported subject to recommended conditions of consent regarding contamination/remediation.				
Has the appropriate level of investigation been carried out in respect of contamination matters for Council to be satisfied that the site is suitable to accommodate the proposed development or can be made suitable to accommodate the proposed development?	Yes No			

7.2 Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No. 24 - Homebush Bay Area

The requirements and objectives of Sydney Regional Environmental Plan is not relevant to the subject application as the Auburn Local Environmental Plan 2010 provides the statutory controls in relation to the Hill Road site/UAP currently zoned R4 and RE1. Refer to section 7.5 below.

7.3 Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005

The subject site is identified as being located within the area affected by the Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005. The proposed development raises no issues as no impact on the catchment is envisaged.

(Note: - the subject site is not identified in the relevant map as 'land within the 'Foreshores and Waterways Area' or 'Wetland Protection zone', is not a 'Strategic Foreshore Site' and does not contain any heritage items. Hence the majority of the SREP is not directly relevant to the proposed development).

7.4 Local Environmental Plans

The provision of the Auburn Local Environmental Plan (ALEP 2010) is the statutory control governing the Hill Road site and the land falls within the zone R4 and RE1 under the relevant plan. The proposed site preparation and civil infrastructure works are considered to perform satisfactorily having regard to the provisions under the ALEP 2010.

A summary of the relevant provisions applicable to the application is considered in the table below to demonstrate consistency and compliance with the statutory planning controls, whilst a more detailed analysis and comprehensive assessment of the ALEP is discussed further in the compliance table provided in **Appendix B** of this report.

Standard	Requirement	Proposal	Compliance	Percentage variance
	Auburn	Local Environmental P	lan 2010	
Lot Size	No minimum under ALEP 2010	N/A	N/A	N/A
Zoning	RE1 and R4	Nil building works. Application relates to civil works and GFA	Yes	N/A
Building Height	Max. 25 storeys	distribution N/A	N/A	N/A
Floor Space Ratio	Max. 1.25 and 2.6 FSR	188,800 m ²	No, refer to discussions below	N/A
Architectural Roof feature	Permitted only for decorative purpose	N/A	N/A	N/A
Flooding	Not identified in flood map, however located in proximity to flood catchment area	Affected by overland Yes flow path. Flood study provided.		N/A
Heritage	No impact on heritage item.	N/A	N/A	N/A

Based on the compliance table summary above, the proposed works are generally consistent with the local planning provisions, with the exception of the floor space ratio development standard. This non-compliance is discussed in further detail below.

a. <u>Distribution of Gross Floor Area</u>:-

As previously discussed, this application also includes seeking approval for the distribution of gross floor area across lots 101 through to 107 under a proposed concept plan arrangement for the Hill Road site.

The total combined land area for lots 101 through to 107 inclusive of roads is 81,357 m². In accordance with the floor space ratio map under the Auburn Local Environmental Plan 2010, there are two different maximum floor space ratios specified for the site being 2.6:1 for the majority of the site and 1.25:1 for the northern end of the site running parallel and adjacent to the foreshore. It is noted that Lots 104, 105, 106 and 107 are the only lots within the site that is affected by the two different FSR mentioned previously.

A maximum gross floor area of 188,800 sqm is proposed for the overall site. The proposed GFA apportionment of the site across the created allotments resulted in the FSR applicable to each allotment to exceeding that which is permitted by the Auburn LEP 2010 and therefore does not comply with the FSR provisions. Consequently, the applicant has submitted a clause 4.6 request to vary Council's development standard with respect to the FSR provision.

The applicant's clause 4.6 justification indicates that in principle, the proposed floor space ratio when considered largely as an entire lot or when calculated cumulatively; complies with the maximum FSR permitted, despite the proposed allocation of the GFA across some development lots exceeding the maximum FSR permitted. The following tables submitted by the applicant, which provides an overview and breakdown of the GFA; is presented below to further demonstrate the consistency and to some degree – compliance with FSR in relation to the maximum GFA permitted in total juxtaposed to the GFA proposed in total.

Table 1 – Maximum GFA permitted under LEP 2010

Zone	FSR	Area	Maximum permissible GFA
Hill Road			
R4	2.6:1	64,526 m ²	167,768 m ²
R4	1.25:1	16,826 m ²	21,032 m ²
RE1	0:1	13,228 m ²	0m²
Total		94,580 m ²	188,800m ²

Table 2 - Maximum permissible and proposed GFA

Proposed Lot	Max FSR	Area m²	Max GFA m ²	Proposed GFA m ²	Proposed FSR	Difference m ²
101	2.6:1	11,290	29,354	45,348	4.02:1	+15,994
102	2.6:1	10,735	27,911	35,267	3.29:1	+7,356
103	2.6:1	10,167	26,434	19,627	1.93:1	-6,807
104	1.25:1	2,901	3,626	4,131	1.42:1	-505
	2.6:1	10,062	26,161	24,353	2.42:1	-1,808
105	1.25:1	2,171	2,714	3,017	1.39:1	+303
	2.6:1	5,238	13,618	24,124	4.6:1	+10,505
106	1.25:1	4,636	5,795	4,539	0.98:1	-1,256
	2.6:1	3,141	8,166	21,290	6.78:1	+13,123
107	1.25:1	4,466	5,583	5,008	1.12:1	-575
	2.6:1	1,295	3,367	2,096	1.62:1	-1,271
Proposed	1.25:1	2,652	3,315	0	0:1	-3,315
Road	2.6:1	12,598	32,755	0	0:1	-32,755
RE1 land	0:0	13,228	0	0	0:1	-
Total		94,580 m ²	188,800m ²	188,800 m ²	1.99:1	0

Table 3 - Summary maximum and proposed GFA and FSR

Zone	FSR	Area m²	Max permissible GFA m ²	Proposed GFA m ²	Difference m ²	Proposed FSR
Hill Road						
R4	2.6:1	64,526	167,768	172,105	+4,338	2.667:1
R4	1.25:1	16,826	21,032	16,695	-4,338	0.99:1
RE1	0:1	13,228	0	0	-	0:1
Total		94,580	188,800	188,800	0	1.99:1
		<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	•		

As shown above, given that the maximum GFA permitted for the site being 188,800 m² in total equates to the GFA proposed in total (i.e. 188,800m²) for the entire site, Council is generally satisfied that compliance with the proposed GFA and therefore FSR has been achieved in principle.

In addition, the applicant's clause 4.6 also hi-lights that the proposal is consistent with the objectives of the development standard for FSR in so far as, the proposed GFA allocation across the site and thus the yield and intensity of the development is

- a) compatible with the Wentworth Point locality and;
- b) reflective of the broader objectives of the site identified as a UAP or priority precinct that is to accommodate increased housing choice, affordability and increased housing supply.

In conclusion, applicant summaries that the proposed development:

- "Facilitates the development yield and density as anticipated through the Wentworth
- Point UAP rezoning process;
- Remains consistent with the overall maximum GFA permitted across the entire site;
- Ensures a development outcome on the site that is compatible and reflective of the scale of other development within the Wentworth Point locality;
- Is consistent with the aims of the Auburn LEP;
- Is consistent with the objectives of the FSR development standard;
- Is consistent with the underlying zone objectives; and
- Will continue to ensure an appropriate built form outcome is achieved, with building heights under the LEP, SEPP 65 and the Wentworth Point DCP continuing to apply to future development proposals."

8. The provisions of any Draft Environmental Planning Instruments (EP& A Act s79C(1)(a)(ii))

The proposed development is not affected by any relevant Draft Environmental Planning Instruments.

9. The provisions of any Development Control Plans (EP& A Act s79C(1)(a)(iii))

9.1 Wentworth Point Precinct Development Control Plan 2014

The relevant design requirements and objectives of the WPPDCP 2014 have been considered in the assessment of the development application. The proposed development which primarily seeks consent for civil infrastructure and site preparation works is consistent with the relevant requirements subject to appropriate conditions and therefore, is considered to perform satisfactorily with regard to the WPPDCP 2014.

Whilst it is noted that the subject application only seeks approval for civil works and gross floor area distribution, the controls contained within WPPDCP are limited to the application as no

physical building works are proposed under this application. Notwithstanding, The table below is a summary of compliance to demonstrate the development proposal's consistency with the relevant planning controls that are applicable to the site and proposal with respect to WPPDCP. A more detailed and comprehensive assessment of the development proposal against the WPPDCP is discussed further in the compliance table provided in **Appendix B** of this report.

Table 1. - HBW Compliance Summary:

Wentworth Point	Precinct Developmen	t Control Plan 2014		
Standard	Requirement	Proposal	Compliance	Percentage variance
Indicative structure plan	See figure 2.	Subdivision pattern and proposed street/road network consistent with figure 2.	Yes	N/A
Public domain - Street network & design	See figure 3	Subdivision pattern and proposed street/road network consistent with figure 3.	Yes	N/A
Street dimensions	Burroway Road extension: 20m for primary road.	20m wide as per subdivision & civil works plan	Yes	N/A
	Indicative local streets: 16m	16m wide as per subdivision & civil works plan	N/A	N/A
Pedestrian & cycle network	See figure 8	Landscape concept plan which incorporates pedestrian and cycle network link along Parramatta River is generally consistent with figure 8	Yes	N/A
Landform & contamination	See figure 9.	The plans submitted detailing landform transitions (bulk excavations) are generally consistent with figure 9. The proposal to raise ground levels across the site, with the exception of the school site) and the transition in landform between development parcels and public open space is required to facilitate and accommodate future park, and residential development to allow basements to be constructed above the water table. Excavations along the eastern foreshore are also proposed to accommodate the revetment and promenade. Contamination has been addressed above.	Yes	N/A
Open space network	See figure 10 & 11 & Table 3 for open space characteristics	Landscape design of proposed peninsular park is generally consistent with the relevant requirements and characteristics outlined in table 3.	Yes	N/A
Public art	Refer to Public art strategy adopted under subdivision consent	Limited to current application for civil infrastructure works. Proposed public domain works are satisfactory and cover various detailed landscaping and local park embellishments such as street furniture, bbq/picnic facilities,	N/A	N/A

		playground equipment etc. however do not include public art works/sculptures.		
Private domain - Land use & floor space distribution	See figure 2 for land use distribution	Future land uses to be subject of separate application. GFA consistent with ALEP 2010.	No	N/A
Building height & form	See figure 12. Low rise: 4 – 5 storeys adjacent to foreshore/peninsular park	Not relevant to current application. No building works proposed.	N/A	N/A
	Range of 4 – 7 storeys with max. 25 storeys balanced with low rise	n/a		
	Max building lengths: 65m. Where greater than 30m, separate into 2 parts.	n/a		
Setbacks & public domain interface	See figure 13. 3 – 5m from property boundary to outer most projection of building	Not relevant to current application. No building works proposed.	N/A	N/A
	Buildings fronting river foreshore/ peninsula park to be generally in accordance with figure 14	n/a		
	Building setback to SOPA site, parklands to be in accordance with figure 15	n/a		
Private open space	Balconies – min. 8m², min. dimension 2m	Not relevant to current application. No building works proposed.	N/A	N/A
	POS on grd IvI – max. gradient 1 in 20	n/a		
Deep soil zones /landscaping	Common open space/ courtyards min. 30% of development block	Not relevant to current application. No building works proposed.	N/A	N/A
	Consistent with subdivision approval (section 2.3)	n/a		
Building design & materials	Buildings to incorporate high level of articulation, distinct facades, articulated roof	Not relevant to current application. No building works proposed.	N/A	N/A

	forms, variations in			
	materials and finishes			
	Building design to achieve min. 3 hours direct sunlight btw 9am and 3pm midwinter to living areas and POS for at least 70% of apartments	n/a		
Wind effects	Wind effects report submitted for buildings over 7 storeys	Not relevant to current application. No building works proposed.	N/A	N/A
	Wind effects caused by development should not exceed: 10m per second on streets with active frontages, 16m per second for all other streets	n/a		
Vehicular access and parking	See table 4 Studio, 1B and 2B = min. 1.0 space 3B or greater = min. 2.0 space Visitors = min. 0.1 space	Not relevant to current application. No building works proposed.	N/A	N/A
	Non-residential uses, refer to Auburn DCP for parking rates	n/a		
Safety and security	Meet CPTED principles	Not relevant to current application. No building works proposed.	N/A	N/A
Adaptable housing	Over 50, 6 to be provided (Plus 10% of additional dwellings beyond 60, rounded up to the nearest whole number)	Not relevant to current application. No building works proposed.	N/A	N/A
Sustainability & environmental management	Compliance with BASIX, water reuse, water and energy efficient fittings	Not relevant to current application. No building works proposed.	N/A	N/A
Water management	See figure 16	Stormwater/sewer civil works management plan submitted is satisfactory.	Yes	N/A
Ecology	Protection of coastal saltmarsh on eastern point of peninsular park (Wilsonia backhousei species).	Various specialist reports including, ecological impact statement has been prepared by Biosis in accordance with Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995, Env. Protection & Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999, Marine Environmental Assessment by	Yes	N/A

Re-establish riparian vegetation around foreshore – wetlands/areas of planted swamp oak

Boardwalks not to encroach coastal saltmarsh

Timing of construction works to avoid impacts on white bellied sea eagle. Worley Parsons, Geotech investigations by Douglas Partners, have been provided to consider and address the impact of the development on the significance of the redevelopment of the site. Conclusion of the reports and the recommendations will be conditioned accordingly. Retention of saltmarsh headland is proposed.

9.2 Section 94 Contributions Plan

The application and the works proposed do not require the payment of contributions in accordance with Council's Section 94 Contributions Plans.

10. The provisions of the Regulations (EP& A Act s79C(1)(a)(iv))

The proposed development raises no concerns as to the relevant matters arising from the EP& A Regulations 2000.

11. The Likely Environmental, Social or Economic Impacts (EP& A Act s79C(1)(b))

It is considered that the proposed development will have no significant adverse environmental, social or economic impacts in the locality.

12. The suitability of the site for the development (EP&A Act s79C(1)(c)

The subject site and locality is not known to be affected by any natural hazards or other site constraints likely to have a significant adverse impact on the proposed development. Accordingly, the site can be said to be suitable to accommodate the proposal. The proposed development has been assessed in regard it its environmental consequences and having regard to this assessment, it is considered that the development is suitable in the context of the site and surrounding locality.

13. Submissions made in accordance with the Act or Regulation (EP&A Act s79C(1)(d Advertised (newspaper) Mail Sign Not Required

In accordance with Council's Notification of Development Proposals Development Control Plan, the proposal was publicly exhibited for a period of 30 days between 25 February 2015 to 27 March 2015. A public meeting was also held by Council Officers on 17 March 2015. The notification generated 1 submission and a petition containing 38 signatures in respect of the proposal. The issues raised in the public submissions are summarised and commented on as follows:

Issue: The respondents have primarily raised concerns with regard to the following:

 Moratorium on all residential development requested to review of UAP and Wentworth Point developments in light of recent increase in density to address street layout, bike lanes and footpaths, provision of community facilities and services

- Inadequate planning for community facilities, infrastructure and safety of residents due to population increase
- Recent developments creating reduced apartment sizes with unusable balconies
- Lack of parklands, public school, wetland restoration, community facilities and tree lined boulevards
- Primary school to contain facilities such as playing fields, open spaces, vegetable patch, library, hall, disabled access, before and after school care
- Suggested sports high school to utilise SOPA facilities
- Provision of preschools and long day care centres with outdoor areas climbing equipment, sand and water play. Community rooms for meetings, groups like scouts and girl guides, churches, embroidery, cards, choirs and bands etc.
 Men shed for noisy or dirty crafts and hobbies. Community gardens for growing herbs, vegetables and fruit, areas for teenagers to hang out, shoot hoops and hit a ball
- · Provision of Police, Ambulance and Fire Authorities
- Review of road widths and footpaths need to be widened
- Controls strengthen to ensure increased provision of visitor parking, disabled parking, taxi and removalist vans, along with easy access for Council garbage services
- Provision of cycle paths

Comment:

The redevelopment of the UAP site in Wentworth Point is in an area undergoing transition where all future developments have been specifically targeted by the State Government as a priority growth area and precinct initiative as per the finalisation report 2014. As a result, Council's statutory controls were amended to include the northern portion of Wentworth Point (UAP) site and subsequently, the development of the new Wentworth Point Development Control Plan 2014 was made and adopted by the Secretary of the Department of Planning on 7 August 2014. The WPPDCP 2014 established a structural design framework to guide developments for the future growth and planning of residential, commercial and other land uses for the UAP. In this instance, Council is obliged to assess any development applications submitted to Council with regard to the statutory controls identified above.

As part of the WPPDCP 2014, community facilities and other infrastructure are required to be provided to ensure the area is self-sufficient and sustainable. Council is currently in negotiations with developers to secure an additional community facility and Council has also recently received a development application for the provision of a new public school with a capacity of 540 students.

Council also acknowledges the need for various facilities, park land, infrastructure and services for the area. Appropriate upgrade of traffic and associated infrastructure is anticipated to be provided where required in the near future.

Road and footpath widths are consistent with the WPPDCP. Appropriate conditions will be imposed to ensure cycle network links are provided in accordance with the WPPDCP.

Having regard to the above, the development proposal has been assessed on its individual merit and is considered to perform satisfactory with respect to the ALEP and WPPDCP. The development which largely relates to site preparation works to facilitate future developments is considered to be generally in accordance with the street network and subdivision lot pattern under the relevant plan.

14. The public interest (EP& A Act s79C(1)(e))

The public interest is served by permitting the orderly and economic development of land, in a manner that is sensitive to the surrounding environment and has regard to the reasonable amenity expectations of surrounding land users. In view of the foregoing analysis it is considered that the development, if carried out subject to the conditions set out in the recommendation below, will have no significant adverse impacts on the public interest.

15. Operational Plan / Delivery Program

This assessment and report relates to the Auburn City Council Operational Plan and Delivery Program, Our Places – Attractive and Liveable theme, action "2a.1.1.3 Assess development applications, complying development and construction certificates".

16. Conclusion

The development application has been assessed in accordance with the relevant requirements of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

The proposed development is appropriately located within the relevant zones under the provisions of Auburn Local Environmental Plan 2010. The proposal is consistent with all statutory and non-statutory controls applying to the development. The development is considered to perform adequately in terms of its relationship to its surrounding built and natural environment, particularly having regard to impacts on adjoining properties.

For these reasons, it is considered that the proposal is satisfactory having regard to the matters of consideration under Section 79C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979, and the development may be approved subject to conditions.

APPENDIX B:

a)	Auburn Local Environmental Plan (LEP 2010)	pg. 16
b)	Wentworth Point Precinct Development Control Plan 2014	pg. 37

(a) Auburn Local Environmental Plan (LEP) 2010

The relevant objectives and provisions of Auburn LEP 2010 have been considered in the following assessment table:

Clause		Yes	No	N/A	Comment
Part 1	Preliminary				
1.2 Aim	s of Plan				
lar rel ins (2) Th	vironmental planning provisions for a din Auburn in accordance with the levant standard environmental planning strument under section 33A of the Act. Le particular aims of this Plan are as lows:				The development proposal is considered to be consistent with the aims of this plan subject to compliance with the conditions recommended by Council.
(a)	to establish planning standards that are clear, specific and flexible in their				
(b)	application, to foster integrated, sustainable development that contributes to	\boxtimes			
	Auburn's environmental, social and physical well-being,	\boxtimes			
	to protect areas from inappropriate development,				
(d)	to minimise risk to the community by restricting development in sensitive areas,	\boxtimes			
(e)	to integrate principles of ecologically sustainable development into land	\boxtimes			
(f)	use controls, to protect, maintain and enhance the natural ecosystems, including				
	natural ecosystems, including watercourses, wetlands and riparian land.				
(g)	to facilitate economic growth and employment opportunities within				
(h)	Auburn, to identify and conserve the natural, built and cultural heritage,				
(i)	to provide recreational land, community facilities and land for				
	public purposes.				
		.,			
Clause		Yes	No	N/A	Comment

Part 1 Preliminary				
1.2 Aims of Plan				
(1) This Plan aims to make local				
environmental planning provisions for				
land in Auburn in accordance with the				The development proposal is considered to be
relevant standard environmental planning	_		_	consistent with the aims of this plan subject to
instrument under section 33A of the Act.				compliance with the conditions recommended
(2) The particular aims of this Plan are as				by Council.
follows:				
(j) to establish planning standards that	\boxtimes			
are clear, specific and flexible in their				
application,				
(k) to foster integrated, sustainable development that contributes to			ш	
development that contributes to Auburn's environmental, social and				
physical well-being,				
(I) to protect areas from inappropriate				
development,				
(m) to minimise risk to the community by				
restricting development in sensitive				
areas,				
(n) to integrate principles of ecologically	\boxtimes			
sustainable development into land				
use controls,	\boxtimes			
(o) to protect, maintain and enhance the			ш	
natural ecosystems, including watercourses, wetlands and riparian				
land,		Ш	Ш	
(p) to facilitate economic growth and				
employment opportunities within				
Auburn,		l —		
(q) to identify and conserve the natural,				
built and cultural heritage,				
(r) to provide recreational land,				
community facilities and land for				
public purposes.				
4040.				
1.8A Savings provision relating to development applications				
development applications				
If a development application has been made				
before the commencement of this Plan in				
relation to land to which this Plan applies and	Ш			
the application has not been finally determined				
before that commencement, the application				
must be determined as if this Plan had not				
commenced.				
Note. However, under Division 4B of Part 3 of				
the Act, a development application may be				
made for consent to carry out development				
that may only be carried out if the environmental planning instrument applying to				
the relevant land is appropriately amended or,				
if a new instrument, including an appropriate				
principal environmental planning instrument, is				
made, and the consent authority may consider				
the application. The Division requires public				
notice of the development application and the				
draft environmental planning instrument				
allowing the development at the same time, or				
as closely together as is practicable.				
1.9 Application of SEPPs and REPs				
(1) This Plan is subject to the provisions of any State environmental planning policy				
and any regional environmental plan that		$ \sqcup $	Ш	
prevail over this Plan as provided by				
section 36 of the Act.	<u> </u>			

					T
(2)	The following State environmental				
	planning policies and regional environmental plans (or provisions) do				
	not apply to the land to which this Plan				
	applies:			Ш	
_	•				
	e Environmental Planning Policy No 1—				
Dev	elopment Standards				
State	e Environmental Planning Policy No 4—				
	elopment Without Consent and				
Misc	cellaneous Exempt and Complying				
	elopment (clause 6, clause 10 and Parts 3				
and	4)				
Stati	e Environmental Planning Policy No 60—				
	mpt and Complying Development				
	ney Regional Environmental Plan No 24—				
Hom	ebush Bay Area				
1.9A	Suspension of covenants, agreements				
	and instruments				
(1)	For the purpose of enabling development	\boxtimes			There are no covenants, agreements or
	on land in any zone to be carried out in				instruments applying to the land which will
	accordance with this Plan or with a development consent granted under the				prevent the development proceeding in accordance with the plan.
	Act, any agreement, covenant or other				accordance with the plan.
	similar instrument that restricts the				
	carrying out of that development does not				
	apply to the extent necessary to serve				
(2)	that purpose. This clause does not apply:				
	(a) to a covenant imposed by the Council			\boxtimes	
	or that the Council requires to be				
	imposed, or				
	(b) to any prescribed instrument within			_	
	the meaning of section 183A of the			\boxtimes	
	Crown Lands Act 1989, or (c) to any conservation agreement within				
	the meaning of the <i>National Parks</i>		Ш	\bowtie	
	and Wildlife Act 1974, or				
	(d) to any Trust agreement within the				
	meaning of the Nature Conservation Trust Act 2001, or			\boxtimes	
	(e) to any property vegetation plan within				
	the meaning of the <i>Native Vegetation</i>			\boxtimes	
	Act 2003, or				
	(f) to any biobanking agreement within			\boxtimes	
	the meaning of Part 7A of the Threatened Species Conservation				
	Act 1995, or				
	(g) to any planning agreement within the			\boxtimes	
	meaning of Division 6 of Part 4 of the				
(0)	Act.				
(3)	This clause does not affect the rights or interests of any public authority under			\boxtimes	
	any registered instrument.				
(4)	Under section 28 of the Act, the		l —		
	Governor, before the making of this		Ш	\boxtimes	
Do-	clause, approved of subclauses (1)–(3).				
	2 Permitted or prohibited development e: the subject lot 3 is located within multiple l	and use	e zonin	a includ	ding: R4 and RE1)
	Subdivision—consent requirements	arra ast		₃ o.uu	g w,
	Land to which this Plan applies may be	\boxtimes	$ \ \square \ $		Application for proposed land subdivision is
	divided, but only with development	<u></u>			addressed under DA-274/2014.
con	sent.				
Not	es.				

If a subdivision is specified as exempt development in an applicable environmental planning instrument, such as this Plan or <u>State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes)</u> 2008, the Act enables it to be carried out without		
development consent. 2 Part 6 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 provides that the strata subdivision of a building in certain circumstances is complying development.		
(2) Development consent must not be granted for the subdivision of land on which a secondary dwelling is situated if the subdivision would result in the principal dwelling and the secondary dwelling being situated on separate lots, unless the resulting lots are not less than the minimum size shown on the Lot Size Map in relation to that land.		
Note. The definition of secondary dwelling in the Dictionary requires the dwelling to be on the same lot of land as the principal dwelling.		
Zone R4 High Density Residential1 Objectives of zoneTo provide for the housing needs of the		The proposed development relates to civil
community within a high density residential environment.		infrastructure works and these works are permissible with Council consent under the
 To provide a variety of housing types within a high density residential environment. To enable other land uses that provide 		relevant zones.
facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.		
 To encourage high density residential development in close proximity to bus service nodes and railway stations. Permitted without consent Nil 		
3 Permitted with consent Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Child care centres; Community facilities; Hostels; Hotel or motel accommodation; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Places of public worship; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Roads; Semi-detached dwellings; Shop top housing; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 4		
4 Prohibited Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Amusement centres; Animal boarding or training establishments; Boat building and repair facilities; Boat sheds; Camping grounds; Car parks; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Commercial premises; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Eco-tourist facilities; Electricity generating works; Entertainment facilities; Environmental facilities; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Forestry; Freight transport facilities; Eunction centres: Heavy industrial storage		

establishments; Highway service centres; Home occupations (sex services); Industrial retail outlets; Industrial training facilities; Industries; Information and education facilities; Marinas; Mooring pens; Moorings; Mortuaries; Open cut mining; Passenger transport facilities; Port facilities; Recreation facilities (major); Registered clubs; Research stations; Residential accommodation; Restricted premises; Rural industries; Service stations; Sewerage systems; Sex services premises; Signage; Storage premises; Tourist and visitor accommodation; Transport depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Vehicle repair stations; Veterinary hospitals; Warehouse or distribution centres; Waste or resource management facilities; Water recreation structures; Water supply systems; Wharf or boating facilities; Wholesale supplies.							
 Zone RE1 Public Recreation 1 Objectives of zone To enable land to be used for public open space or recreational purposes. To provide a range of recreational settings and activities and compatible land uses. To protect and enhance the natural environment for recreational purposes. To protect open space at riparian and foreshore locations. 2 Permitted without consent Nil 3 Permitted with consent 				The proposed development relates to civil infrastructure works and these works are permissible with Council consent under the relevant zones.			
Child care centres; Community facilities; Depots; Environmental facilities; Environmental protection works; Function centres; Information and education facilities; Kiosks; Markets; Places of public worship; Public administration buildings; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (indoor); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Respite day care centres; Restaurants or cafes; Roads; Water recreation structures 4 Prohibited Any development not specified in item 2 or 3							
Part 3 Exempt and complying development This part is not relevant as the development is not exempt or complying development. Part 4 Principal development standards							

4 1 N	Minimum subdivision lot size				
(1)	The objectives of this clause are as				
(1)	follows:				
	(a) to ensure that lot sizes are able to	\boxtimes			Addressed under DA-274/2014. Subdivisions
	accommodate development		ш		of lot 3 into 8 lots are considered satisfactory.
	consistent with relevant				or lot of line of lots are considered calleractory.
	development controls, and				
	(b) to ensure that subdivision of land is				
	capable of supporting a range of		Ш		
	development types.				
(2)	This clause applies to a subdivision of	_		_	
()	any land shown on the Lot Size Map that	\boxtimes			
	requires development consent and that is				
	carried out after the commencement of				
	this Plan.				
(3)	The size of any lot resulting from a	\boxtimes			
	subdivision of land to which this clause				
	applies is not to be less than the				
	minimum size shown on the Lot Size				
	Map in relation to that land.				
(3A)	Despite subclause (3), the minimum lot			\boxtimes	
	size for dwelling houses is 450 square	ш			
(a=)	metres.				
(3B)	Despite subclause (3), if a lot is a battle-			\square	
	axe lot or other lot with an access handle	Ш		\boxtimes	The subject sites are not located within the
	and is on land in Zone R2 Low Density				Former Lidcombe Hospital Site.
	Residential, Zone R3 Medium Density				
	Residential, Zone B6 Enterprise Corridor,				
	Zone B7 Business Park, Zone IN1				
	General Industrial and Zone IN2 Light Industrial, the minimum lot size excludes				
	the area of the access handle.				
(3C)				\boxtimes	
(30)	minimum lot size for development on	Ш			
	land within the Former Lidcombe Hospital				
	Site, as shown edged blue on the Lot				
	Size Map, is as follows in relation to				
	development for the purpose of:				
	(a) dwelling houses:				
	(i) 350 square metres, or				
	(ii) if a garage will be accessed from				
	the rear of the property - 290				
	square metres, or				
	(iii) if the dwelling house will be on a				
	zero lot line – 270 square metres,				
	(b) semi-detached dwellings – 270				
	square metres,				
	© multi dwelling housing – 170 square				
	metres for each dwelling,				
	(d) attached dwellings - 170 square	_		_	
(4)	metres.			\boxtimes	
(4)	This clause does not apply in relation to the subdivision of individual lots in a		_		
	strata plan or community title scheme.				
125	Rural subdivision				
	Applicable.				
1401/	ippiioabio.				

4.3 H (1)	Height of buildings The objectives of this clause are as follows: (a) to establish a maximum building height to enable appropriate development density to be achieved, and			The application relates to civil infrastructure works and gross floor area distribution only. As no building works are proposed, these controls are limited to in application. Building works in relation to height will be considered under
	(b) to ensure that the height of buildings is compatible with the character of the locality			separate future applications.
(2)	The height of a building on any land is not to exceed the maximum height shown for the land on the Height of Buildings Map.			
(2A)	Despite subclause (2), the maximum height of office premises and hotel or motel accommodation is: (a) if it is within the Parramatta Road Precinct, as shown edged orange on the Height of Buildings Map—27 metres,			
	(b) if it is on land within Zone B6 Enterprise Corridor within the Silverwater Road Precinct, as shown edged light purple on the Height of Buildings Map—14 metres.			
	Floor space ratio			The application includes a concept plan
(1) (d)	The objectives of this clause are as follows: To establish a maximum floor space	\boxtimes		The application includes a concept plan proposal for distribution of floor space areas for each lot subdivided under DA-
	ratio to enable appropriate development density to be achieved, and			274/2014.
(e)	To ensure that development intensity reflects its locality.	\boxtimes		The maximum FSR permitted for lot 101 to 107 in R4 zoning is 2.6:1 and 1.25:1 for the
(2)	The maximum floor space ratio for a building on any land is not to exceed the floor space ratio shown for the land on	\boxtimes		northern end of the site adjacent to the foreshore.
(2A)	the Floor Space Ratio Map. Despite subclause (2), the maximum floor space ratio for development for the			The proposed gross floor area proposed is as follows:
	purpose of multi dwelling housing on land other than land within the Former Lidcombe Hospital Site, as shown edged black on the Floor Space Ratio Map, is as follows:			 Lot 101 – 45,348m² Lot 102 – 35,267m² Lot 103 – 19,627m² Lot 104 – 28,484m²
	(a) for sites less than 1,300 square metres—0.75:1,		\boxtimes	 Lot 105 – 27,141m² Lot 106 – 25,829m² Lot 107 – 7,104m²
	(b) for sites that are 1,300 square metres or greater but less than 1,800 square metres—0.80:1,			Total = 188,800m ²
(OD)	(c) for sites that are 1,800 square metres or greater—0.85:1.			Site area of lots 101 to 107 combined = 81,352 m ² inclusive of roads.
(2B)	Despite subclause (2), the maximum floor space ratio for the following development on land in Zone B6 Enterprise Corridor within the Parramatta			The above GFA distribution or allocation proposed to each lot is inconsistent with and exceeds the maximum FSR permitted
	Road Precinct, as shown edged orange on the Floor Space Ratio Map, is as follows: (a) 1.5:1 for bulky goods premises, entertainment facilities, function		\boxtimes	for each lot. However, the applicant has submitted a clause 4.6 request to vary the FSR by justifying that in principle, the overall the GFA maximum proposed for the site cumulatively does not exceed the
	centres and registered clubs, and		\boxtimes	maximum GFA permitted for the site cumulatively. Further the applicant justifies
15.5	(b) 3:1 for office premises and hotel or motel accommodation.		\boxtimes	that the proposed GFA is consistent with the broader objectives of the UAP and
(2C)	Despite subclause (2), the maximum floor space ratio for the following development on land in Zone B6 Enterprise Corridor			Wentworth Point Precinct DCP 2015.
	within the Silverwater Road Precinct, as shown edged light purple on the Floor			Having regard to the above, Council is generally satisfied with the reasoning in principle and that the broader objectives

Space Ratio Map, is as follows: (a) 1.5:1 for bulky goods premises,		are consistent with the intent of the UAP and Wentworth Point Precinct DCP.
entertainment facilities, function centres and registered clubs, and (b) 2:1 for office premises and hotel or motel accommodation.		

4.5 Calculation of floor space ratio and site		 	
area	\boxtimes		
(1) Objectives			
The objectives of this clause are as follows:			
(a) to define floor space ratio,			
(b) to set out rules for the calculation of the			
site area of development for the purpose			
of applying permitted floor space ratios,			
including rules to:			
(i) prevent the inclusion in the site area			
of an area that has no significant			
development being carried out on it,			
and			
(ii) prevent the inclusion in the site area			
of an area that has already been			
included as part of a site area to			
maximise floor space area in another			
building, and			
(iii) require community land and public			
places to be dealt with separately.			
(2) Definition of "floor space ratio"			
The <i>floor space ratio</i> of buildings on a site is			
the ratio of the gross floor area of all buildings			
within the site to the site area.			
(3) Site area			
In determining the site area of proposed			
development for the purpose of applying a floor			
space ratio, the site area is taken to be:			
carried out on only one lot, the area of			
that lot, or			
(b) if the proposed development is to be			
carried out on 2 or more lots, the area of			
any lot on which the development is			
proposed to be carried out that has at			
least one common boundary with another			
lot on which the development is being			
carried out.			
In addition, subclauses (4)–(7) apply to the			
calculation of site area for the purposes of			
applying a floor space ratio to proposed			
development.			
(4) Exclusions from site area			
The following land must be excluded from the			
site area:			
(a) land on which the proposed development			
is prohibited, whether under this Plan or			
any other law,			
(b) community land or a public place (except			
as provided by subclause (7)).			
(5) Strata subdivisions			
The area of a lot that is wholly or partly on top			
of another or others in a strata subdivision is to			
be included in the calculation of the site area			
only to the extent that it does not overlap with			
another lot already included in the site area			
calculation.			
(6) Only significant development to be			
included			
The site area for proposed development must			
not include a lot additional to a lot or lots on			
which the development is being carried out			
unless the proposed development includes			
significant development on that additional lot.			
(7) Certain public land to be separately			
considered			
For the purpose of applying a floor space ratio			
to any proposed development on, above or			
below community land or a public place, the			

above place the includeve (8) The property bound calculation whete relate (9) Whe site of the register author of flow because (10) If: (a) (b)	area must only include an area that is on, e or below that community land or public and is occupied or physically affected by proposed development, and may not de any other area on which the proposed lopment is to be carried out. Existing buildings gross floor area of any existing or osed buildings within the vertical ction (above or below ground) of the daries of a site is to be included in the alation of the total floor space for the oses of applying a floor space ratio, there or not the proposed development as to all of the buildings. Covenants to prevent "double dipping" or consent is granted to development on a comprised of 2 or more lots, a condition of consent may require a covenant to be stered that prevents the creation of floor on a lot (the restricted lot) if the consent ority is satisfied that an equivalent quantity or area will be created on another lot only use the site included the restricted lot. Covenants affect consolidated sites a covenant of the kind referred to in subclause (9) applies to any land (affected land), and proposed development relates to the affected land and other land that together comprise the site of the proposed development, maximum amount of floor area allowed on other land by the floor space ratio fixed for ite by this Plan is reduced by the quantity for space area the covenant prevents of created on the affected land. Definition			
Ìn th	is clause, <i>public place</i> has the same			
1993				
	xceptions to development standards			
(1)	The objectives of this clause are: (a) to provide an appropriate degree of flexibility in applying certain development standards to particular development, and		\boxtimes	Despite the non-compliance with FSR, no formal variation has been sought by the applicant. In this regard, the floor area distribution aspect of the proposal is recommended to be excluded from the
(2)	(b) to achieve better outcomes for and from development by allowing flexibility in particular circumstances.			approval to ensure that future redevelopment of the site is consistent with the maximum FSR permitted for the site.
(2)	Consent may, subject to this clause, be granted for development even though the development would contravene a development standard imposed by this or		\boxtimes	
(3)	development standard imposed by this or any other environmental planning instrument. However, this clause does not apply to a development standard that is expressly excluded from the operation of this clause. Consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless the consent authority has considered a written request from the applicant that seeks to justify the contravention of the development standard by demonstrating: (a) that compliance with the		\boxtimes	

	development standard is			\boxtimes	
	unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and				
	(b) that there are sufficient			\boxtimes	
	environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development				
	standard.				
(4)	Consent must not be granted for				
	development that contravenes a development standard unless:				
	(a) the consent authority is satisfied				
	that:			\boxtimes	
	(i) the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the				
	matters required to be				
	demonstrated by subclause (3), and				
	(ii) the proposed development will			\boxtimes	
	be in the public interest because				
	it is consistent with the objectives of the particular				
	standard and the objectives for				
	development within the zone in which the development is				
	proposed to be carried out, and				
	(b) the concurrence of the Director-			\boxtimes	
(5)	General has been obtained. In deciding whether to grant concurrence,				
(-)	the Director-General must consider:			\boxtimes	
	(a) whether contravention of the development standard raises any	ш	ш		
	matter of significance for State or				
	regional environmental planning, and				
	(b) the public benefit of maintaining the development standard, and	\vdash	님		
	(c) any other matters required to be	Ш	ш		
	taken into consideration by the Director-General before granting				
	concurrence.				
(6)	Not applicable				
(7)	After determining a development application made pursuant to this clause,			\boxtimes	
	the consent authority must keep a record				
	of its assessment of the factors required to be addressed in the applicant's written				
	request referred to in subclause (3).				
(8)	This clause does not allow consent to be				
	granted for development that would contravene any of the following:				
	(a) a development standard for		Ш	\boxtimes	
	complying development, (b) a development standard that arises,			\boxtimes	
	under the regulations under the Act,	Ш	ш		
	in connection with a commitment set				
	out in a BASIX certificate for a building to which State				
	Environmental Planning Policy				
	(Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004 applies or for the land				
	on which such a building is situated,			\boxtimes	
_	(c) clause 5.4.	Ш			
Part	5 Miscellaneous provisions				

5.6 Architectural roof features			
 (1) The objectives of this clause are: (a) To ensure that any decorative roof element does not detract from the architectural design of the building, and 			Not relevant to the subject application for subdivision.
(b) To ensure that prominent architectural roof features are contained within the height limit.			
 (2) Development that includes an architectural roof feature that exceeds, or causes a building to exceed, the height limits set by clause 4.3 may be carried out, but only with consent. (3) Development consent must not be 			
granted to any such development unless the consent authority is satisfied that: (a) the architectural roof feature: (i) comprises a decorative		\boxtimes	
element on the uppermost portion of a building, and (ii) is not an advertising structure,			
and	Ш	\boxtimes	
(iii) does not include floor space area and is not reasonably capable of modification to include floor space area, and			
(iv) will cause minimal overshadowing, and		\boxtimes	
(b) any building identification signage or equipment for servicing the building (such as plant, lift motor rooms, fire stairs and the like) contained in or supported by the roof feature is fully integrated into the design of the roof feature.			
5.9 Preservation of trees or vegetation			
(1) The objective of this clause is to preserve the amenity of the area, including biodiversity values, through the preservation of trees and other vegetation.			Subject site has been targeted by Department of Planning as an urban activation precinct to facilitate housing supply and increase housing choice and affordability in the broader Sydney metropolitan region. This application which relates to civil infrastructure works seeks to
(2) This clause applies to species or kinds of trees or other vegetation that are prescribed for the purposes of this clause by a development control plan made by the Council.			remove trees and vegetation across the majority of the site to accommodate proposed bulk earthworks. Two existing fig trees will however be retained as well as existing salt marsh on the headland which will be protected. An arboriculture report prepared by
Note. A development control plan may prescribe the trees or other vegetation to which this clause applies by reference to species, size, location or other manner.			rboreport, dated 19/8/14 has also been submitted to accompany the development application which is considered satisfactory.
(3) A person must not ringbark, cut down, top, lop, remove, injure or wilfully destroy any tree or other vegetation to which any such development control plan applies without the authority conferred by:			
(a) development consent, or(b) a permit granted by the Council.		\boxtimes	
(4) The refusal by the Council to grant a permit to a person who has duly applied for the grant of the permit is taken for the purposes of the Act to be a refusal by the Council to grant consent for the carrying out of the activity for			

which a permit was sought.			
(5) This clause does not apply to a tree or other vegetation that the Council is satisfied is dying or dead and is not required as the habitat of native fauna.			
(6) This clause does not apply to a tree or other vegetation that the Council is satisfied is a risk to human life or property.		\boxtimes	
(7) A permit under this clause cannot allow any ringbarking, cutting down, topping, lopping, removal, injuring or destruction of a tree or other vegetation:			
(a) that is or forms part of a heritage item, or that is within a heritage conservation area, or (b) that is or forms part of an Aboriginal object or that is within an Aboriginal place of heritage significance, unless the Council is satisfied that the proposed activity:		\boxtimes	
(c) is of a minor nature or is for the maintenance of the heritage item, Aboriginal object, Aboriginal place of heritage significance or heritage conservation area,		\boxtimes	
(d) would not adversely affect the heritage significance of the heritage item, Aboriginal object, Aboriginal place of heritage significance or heritage conservation area.			
Note. As a consequence of this subclause, the activities concerned will require development consent. The heritage provisions of clause 5.10 will be applicable to any such consent.			
(8) This clause does not apply to or in respect of:			
(a) the clearing of native vegetation:		\boxtimes	
(i) that is authorised by a development consent or property vegetation plan under the <i>Native Vegetation Act 2003</i> , or		\boxtimes	
(ii) that is otherwise permitted under Division 2 or 3 of Part 3 of that Act, or		\boxtimes	
(b) the clearing of vegetation on State protected land (within the meaning of clause 4 of Schedule 3 to the <i>Native Vegetation Act 2003</i>) that is authorised by a development consent under the provisions of the <i>Native Vegetation Conservation Act 1997</i> as continued in force by that clause, or			
(c) trees or other vegetation within a State forest, or land reserved from sale as a timber or forest reserve under the <i>Forestry Act 1916</i> , or			
(d) action required or authorised to be done by or under the <i>Electricity Supply Act 1995</i> , the <i>Roads Act 1993</i> or the <i>Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002</i> , or			
(e) plants declared to be noxious weeds under the <i>Noxious Weeds Act 1993</i> .		\boxtimes	

Note. Permissibility may be a matter that is determined by or under any of these Acts.		
(9) Not adopted		

5.10	Heritage conservation				
	. Heritage items, heritage conservation				The subject site is not identified as a heritage
	s and archaeological sites (if any) are				conservation area.
	on the Heritage Map. The location and				concentation area.
	re of any such item, area or site is also				
	ribed in Schedule 5.				
	Objectives				
	objectives of this clause are:				
(a)	to conserve the environmental heritage of				
()	Auburn, and		Ш		
(b)	to conserve the heritage significance of				
` '	heritage items and heritage conservation				
	areas including associated fabric,]			
	settings and views, and				
(c)	to conserve archaeological sites, and				
(d)	to conserve places of Aboriginal heritage				
` '	significance.		_		
(2)	Requirement for consent				
	elopment consent is required for any of the				
follov	ving:				
(a)	demolishing or moving a heritage item or				
	a building, work, relic or tree within a				
	heritage conservation area,				
(b)	altering a heritage item or a building,		Ш		
	work, relic, tree or place within a heritage				
	conservation area, including (in the case				
	of a building) making changes to the				
	detail, fabric, finish or appearance of its				
	exterior,				
(c)	altering a heritage item that is a building				
	by making structural changes to its				
(-1)	interior,			\square	
(d)	disturbing or excavating an	ш	ш		
	archaeological site while knowing, or				
	having reasonable cause to suspect, that the disturbance or excavation will or is				
	likely to result in a relic being discovered,				
	exposed, moved, damaged or destroyed,				
(a)	disturbing or excavating a heritage			\boxtimes	
(e)	conservation area that is a place of	Ш	Ш		
	Aboriginal heritage significance,				
(f)	erecting a building on land on which a				
(')	heritage item is located or that is within a				
	heritage conservation area,				
(g)	subdividing land on which a heritage item				
(0)	is located or that is within a heritage	Ш	Ш		
	conservation area.				
(3)	When consent not required				
	ever, consent under this clause is not				
	red if:				
(a)	the applicant has notified the consent			\boxtimes	
	authority of the proposed development	Ш	ш		
	and the consent authority has advised				
	the applicant in writing before any work is carried out that it is satisfied that the				
	proposed development:				
	(i) is of a minor nature, or is for the			\boxtimes	
	maintenance of the heritage item,		ш		
	archaeological site, or a building,				
	work, relic, tree or place within a				
	heritage conservation area, and				
	(ii) would not adversely affect the			\boxtimes	
	significance of the heritage item,		Ш		
	archaeological site or heritage				
	conservation area, or				
(b)	the development is in a cemetery or				
	burial ground and the proposed				
	development:				
	(i) is the creation of a new grave or				

monument, or excavation or disturbance of land for the purpose of conserving or repairing monuments or grave markers, and (ii) would not cause disturbance to human remains, relics, Aboriginal		\boxtimes	
objects in the form of grave goods, or to a place of Aboriginal heritage significance, or (c) the development is limited to the removal of a tree or other vegetation that the Council is satisfied is a risk to human life			
or property, or (d) the development is exempt development. Note. For land known as Rookwood Cemetery zoned SP1 Cemetery, development consent from, and notification to, the consent authority is not required under this plan for the further use of an existing grave site or crypt within a graveyard that is a heritage item, provided the			
heritage significance of the item is not adversely affected. (4) Effect on heritage significance The consent authority must, before granting consent under this clause, consider the effect of the proposed development on the heritage significance of the heritage item or heritage			
conservation area concerned. This subclause applies regardless of whether a heritage			
impact statement is prepared under subclause (5) or a heritage conservation management plan is submitted under subclause (6).			
 (5) Heritage impact assessment The consent authority may, before granting consent to any development on land: (a) on which a heritage item is situated, or (b) within a heritage conservation area, or (c) within the vicinity of land referred to in 		\boxtimes	
paragraph (a) or (b), require a heritage impact statement to be prepared that assesses the extent to which the carrying out of the proposed development would affect the heritage significance of the heritage item or heritage conservation area concerned. (6) Heritage conservation management plans		\boxtimes	
The consent authority may require, after considering the significance of a heritage item and the extent of change proposed to it, the submission of a heritage conservation management plan before granting consent under this clause. (7) Archaeological sites			
 (7) Archaeological sites The consent authority must, before granting consent under this clause to the carrying out of development on an archaeological site (other than land listed on the State Heritage Register or to which an interim heritage order under the Heritage Act 1977 applies): (a) notify the Heritage Council of its intention to grant consent, and (b) take into consideration any response received from the Heritage Council within 28 doug ofter the notice is cent 		\boxtimes	
28 days after the notice is sent. (8) Places of Aboriginal heritage significance The consent authority must, before granting consent under this clause to the carrying out of			

	lopment in a place of Aboriginal heritage				
	ficance:			\boxtimes	
(a)	consider the effect of the proposed development on the heritage significance				
	of the place and any Aboriginal object				
	known or reasonably likely to be located				
	at the place, and				
(b)	notify the local Aboriginal communities (in		ш	\boxtimes	
	such way as it thinks appropriate) about				
	the application and take into				
	consideration any response received				
(0)	within 28 days after the notice is sent.				
(9)	Demolition of item of State				
The	significance consent authority must, before granting				
	ent for the demolition of a heritage item				
	ified in Schedule 5 as being of State				
	ficance (other than an item listed on the				
	Heritage Register or to which an interim				
	age order under the Heritage Act 1977	_			
appli				\boxtimes	
(a)	notify the Heritage Council about the				
(h)	application, and take into consideration any response				
(b)	received from the Heritage Council within		ш		
	28 days after the notice is sent.				
(10)	Conservation incentives				
The	consent authority may grant consent to				
deve	lopment for any purpose of a building that				
	neritage item, or of the land on which such				
	building is erected, even though				
	lopment for that purpose would otherwise				
	be allowed by this Plan, if the consent prity is satisfied that:			\boxtimes	
(a)	the conservation of the heritage item is				
(/	facilitated by the granting of consent, and				
(b)	the proposed development is in	Ш	Ш	\boxtimes	
	accordance with a heritage conservation				
	management plan that has been				
()	approved by the consent authority, and			\boxtimes	
(c)	the consent to the proposed development				
	would require that all necessary conservation work identified in the				
	heritage conservation management plan				
	is carried out, and				
(d)	the proposed development would not	Ш	Ш	\boxtimes	
	adversely affect the heritage significance				
	of the heritage item, including its setting,				
	and			\bowtie	
(e)	the proposed development would not				
	have any significant adverse effect on the amenity of the surrounding area.				
5.12	Infrastructure development and use of				
	ting buildings of the Crown				
(1)	This Plan does not restrict or prohibit, or			\boxtimes	Civil infrastructure works proposed by Crown.
	enable the restriction or prohibition of, the				This requirement is not relevant.
	carrying out of any development, by or on				
	behalf of a public authority that is				
	permitted to be carried out without				
	consent under the State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007.				
(2)	This Plan does not restrict or prohibit, or				
(-)	enable the restriction or prohibition of, the				
	use of existing buildings of the Crown by			\boxtimes	
	the Crown.				
_	0.4112				
Part	6 Additional local provisions				

6.1 (1)	The o	ulfate soils objective of this clause is to ensure development does not disturb,	\boxtimes			In accordance with the Acid Sulfate Soils Map
(2)	cause Deve carry Table on the	se or drain acid sulfate soils and e environmental damage. Ilopment consent is required for the ing out of works described in the e to this subclause on land shown e Acid Sulfate Soils Map as being of lass specified for those works.				ASS_009, the subject land is identified as Class 2. Acid sulphate soils management plan has been prepared by Parsons Brinkerhoff to accompany the application. The statement which outlines management strategies for potential acid sulphate soils during site works and treatment strategies to be approved by the
Cla	ass	Works				site auditor. The plan is considered to be satisfactory and appropriate conditions will be
of	land 1	Any works.		П		imposed to ensure compliance with the recommendations of the strategies.
	2	Works below the natural ground surface. Works by which the watertable is likely to be lowered.				recommendations of the endlogree.
	3	Works more than 1 metre below the natural ground surface. Works by which the watertable is likely to be lowered more than 1 metre below the natural ground surface.				
	4	Works more than 2 metres below the natural ground surface. Works by which the watertable is likely to be lowered more than 2 metres below the natural ground surface.				
	5	Works within 500 metres of adjacent Class 1, 2, 3 or 4 land that is below 5 metres Australian Height Datum by which the watertable is likely to be lowered below 1 metre Australian Height Datum on adjacent Class 1, 2, 3				
(3)	grant out o mana the p	or 4 land. Ilopment consent must not be ed under this clause for the carrying of works unless an acid sulfate soils agement plan has been prepared for proposed works in accordance with acid Sulfate Soils Manual and has provided to the consent authority.				
(4)	conse	ite subclause (2) Development ent is not required under this clause e carrying out of works if:			\boxtimes	
(a)	propo with indica	preliminary assessment of the cosed works prepared in accordance the Acid Sulfate Soils Manual ates that an acid sulfate soils agement plan is not required for the				
(b)	works the provid	s, and preliminary assessment has been ded to the consent authority and the ent authority has confirmed the				
(5)	person Desp conse for t follow (inclu	estimated the session of the control				

	.1	$\overline{}$			
	or the supply of power):			\boxtimes	
(a)	emergency work, being the repair or	_			
	replacement of the works of the public				
	authority required to be carried out				
	urgently because the works have been				
	damaged, have ceased to function or				
	pose a risk to the environment or to				
				\boxtimes	
	public health and safety,				
(b)	routine management work, being the				
	periodic inspection, cleaning, repair or				
	replacement of the works of the public				
	authority (other than work that involves				
	the disturbance of more than 1 tonne of				
	soil),			\boxtimes	
(-)		Ш			
(c)	minor work, being work that costs less				
	than \$20,000 (other than drainage work).			\boxtimes	
(6)	Despite subclause (2), development				
	consent is not required under this clause			\boxtimes	
	to carry out any works if:	Ш	ш		
(a)	the works involve the disturbance of				
` ,	more than 1 tonne of soil, such as occurs				
	in carrying out agriculture, the				
	construction or maintenance of drains,				
	extractive industries, dredging, the				
	, 5 5,				
	construction of artificial water bodies				
	(including canals, dams and detention				
	basins) or foundations, or flood				
	mitigation works, or			\boxtimes	
(b)	the works are likely to lower the				
	watertable.				
6.2 E	arthworks				
(1) T	he objectives of this clause are as follows:				
	(a) to ensure that earthworks for which a	\square			Earthworks proposed are considered
	development consent is required will				satisfactory and appropriate conditions will be
	not have a detrimental impact on				imposed to ensure consistency and
	environmental functions and				compliance with this requirement. Proposed
	processes, neighbouring uses or				earthworks to the site to raise the ground level
	heritage items and features of the				are required to accommodate and facilitate
	surrounding land,				future park and residential development.
	(b) to allow earthworks of a minor nature			\boxtimes	Raising the existing ground level allows
	without separate development				basements to be constructed above water
	consent.				table and excavations along eastern foreshore
(2)	Development consent is required for				are proposed for the revetment and
	earthworks, unless:				promenade. Appropriate plans have been
	(a) the work does not alter the ground			\boxtimes	submitted detailing landform generation and
	level (existing) by more than 600				gradient transitions between the proposed
	millimetres, or				parklands and development blocks which is
	(b) the work is exempt development			\boxtimes	considered satisfactory visually and
	under this Plan or another applicable	ш	Ш		functionally in accordance with the WPPDCP
	environmental planning instrument,				requirements.
	or				requirements
	(c) the work is ancillary to other	_	_		Excavations are expected to be limited to
	development for which development			\boxtimes	works for pile caps, slab thickenings and
(0)	consent has been given.				services.
(3)	Before granting development consent for				
	earthworks, the consent authority must				
	consider the following matters:				
	(a) the likely disruption of, or any			\boxtimes	
	detrimental effect on, existing				
	drainage patterns and soil stability in				
	the locality,				
	(b) the effect of the proposed			\boxtimes	
	development on the likely future use				
	or redevelopment of the land,				
	(c) the quality of the fill or of the soil to				
	be excavated, or both,			\boxtimes	
				_ -	
	\ /			\bowtie	
	development on the existing and likely			\square	
	amenity of adjoining properties,				1

(e) the source of any fill material and the destination of any excavated material,		
(f) the likelihood of disturbing relics, (g) the proximity to and potential for adverse impacts on any watercourse, drinking water catchment or environmentally sensitive area. Note. The National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974, particularly section 86, deals with disturbing or excavating land and Aboriginal objects.		

6.3	Flood planning				
	The objectives of this clause are:				In accordance with Flood Planning Map
()	(a) to minimise the flood risk to life and				FLD_009, the subject site is not identified as
	property associated with the use of				being flood prone. Therefore this clause is not
	land,				applicable.
	(b) to allow development on land that is			\boxtimes	
	compatible with the land's flood				
	hazard, taking into account projected				
	changes as a result of climate				
	change,	ш	Ш	\boxtimes	
	(c) to avoid significant adverse impacts				
	on flood behaviour and the				
	environment.				
(2)	This clause applies to:		_		
	(a) land that is shown as "Flood planning			\boxtimes	
	area" on the Flood Planning Map, and				
	(b) other land at or below the flood				
	planning level.				
(3)	Development consent must not be				
	granted for development on land to which				
	this clause applies unless the consent			_	
	authority is satisfied that the development:				
	(a) is compatible with the flood hazard of			\boxtimes	
	the land, and				
	(b) is not likely to significantly adversely				
	affect flood behaviour resulting in				
	detrimental increases in the potential				
	flood affectation of other development				
	or properties, and				
	(c) incorporates appropriate measures to			\boxtimes	
	manage risk to life from flood, and				
	(d) is not likely to significantly adversely affect the environment or cause				
	avoidable erosion, siltation,				
	destruction of riparian vegetation or a	ш	Ш	\boxtimes	
	reduction in the stability of river banks				
	or watercourses, and				
	(e) is not likely to result in unsustainable				
	social and economic costs to the	l —	l —		
	community as a consequence of	Ш			
	flooding.	_			
(4)	A word or expression used in this	\sqcup		\boxtimes	
` ,	clause has the same meaning as it has in				
	the NSW Government's Floodplain				
	Development Manual published in 2005,				
	unless it is otherwise defined in this				
	clause.				
(5)	In this clause:				
	od planning level means the level of a				
	00 ARI (average recurrent interval) flood				
	nt plus 0.5 metre freeboard.				
	od Planning Map means the Auburn Local			\boxtimes	
Εnv	ironmental Plan 2010 Flood Planning Map.				
6.5	Essential Services				
(1)	Development consent must not be granted				Application includes provision of appropriate
` ,	to development unless the consent				services including gas, electricity, sewer,
	authority is satisfied that any of the				stormwater disposal, telecommunication lines
	following services that are essential for the				and road access.
	proposed development are available or				
	that adequate arrangements have been				
	made to make them available when				
	required:				
	a) the supply of water,				
	b) the supply of electricity,				
	c) the disposal and management of				
	sewage.		Ш		
	d) stormwater drainage or on-site conservation,				
	e) suitable road access.				

(2) This clause does not apply to development for the purpose of providing, extending, augmenting, maintaining or repairing any essential service referred to in this clause.		
This clause applies to land at Wentworth Point, identified as "Wentworth Point Maritime Precinct" on the Key Sites Map. (2) Despite any other provision of this Plan, development of the land to which this clause applies for any of the following purposes is permissible with development consent: (a) boat building and repair facilities,		
(b) boat launching ramps,(c) boat sheds,(d) marinas.		

b) Wentworth Point Precinct DCP 2014

The relevant objectives and provisions of Wentworth Point Precinct DCP 2014 have been considered in the following assessment table:

Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
1.0 Introduction				
This Development Control Plan (DCP) provides a fr	amewo	ork to g	guide d	evelopment in the Wentworth Point Urban
Activation Precinct (the precinct).				
1.1 Name of this DCP				
This DCP is called the Wentworth Point Precinct	\square			
Development Control Plan. The DCP has been				
prepared pursuant to the provisions of Section 74C				
of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act				
1979 (the Act).				
The DCP was adopted by the Secretary of the Department of Planning and Environment (the				
Secretary) on 7 August 2014 and came into force				
on 7 August 2014.				
1.2 Land to which this DCP Applies				
This DCP applies to development within the	\boxtimes			
precinct as shown in Figure 1 .		ш		
1.3 Purpose of the DCP				
The purpose of the DCP is to guide the future				
development of the precinct to:				
- identify the vision, key development				The DCP is applicable to the site the
principles, elements and indicative			_	subject of this application.
structure for the future development of the				
precinct				
- communicate the planning, design and	\boxtimes			
environmental objectives and controls				
against which the consent authority will				
assess future development applications - ensure the orderly, efficient and	\boxtimes			
environmentally sensitive development of				
the precinct, and				
- promote a high quality urban design	\boxtimes			
outcome.				
1.4 Relationship to other Plans				
This plan supplements the Auburn Local	\boxtimes			
Environmental Plan 2010 (Auburn LEP) by				
providing specific development provisions for the				
Wentworth Point Urban Activation Precinct.				
Development within the precinct will need to have				

regard to this DCP as well as relevant provisions in the Auburn DCP 2010. In the event of any inconsistency between this DCP and the Auburn DCP 2010, this DCP will prevail to the extent of the inconsistency. Relevant provisions of the Auburn DCP 2010 are cross referenced in the DCP and are set out below: - Introduction - Definitions and terms - Residential flat buildings – ancillary site facilities - Residential flat buildings – adaptable housing - Child care centres - Advertising and signage - Parking and loading - Access and mobility - Stormwater drainage			
- Waste - Tree preservation			
In addition to this DCP and the Auburn DCP 2010, applicants and Council should refer to: - relevant State Planning Policies, including Sydney Regional Environmental Plan 25 (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005 (a			
deemed SEPP), and	\boxtimes		
 the relevant Section 94 Contributions Plan or any relevant infrastructure planning 			
agreement.	\boxtimes		
This DCP replaces all DCPs and deemed DCPs that applied to the precinct prior to the commencement date of this Plan, including the Homebush Bay West DCP (2004) and the Homebush Bay West - Wentworth Point Master Plan (2005).			
1.5 Consent Authority			
Unless otherwise authorised by the Act, Auburn City Council is the consent authority for all development in the precinct to which this DCP applies.			
1.6 Application of this DCP			
The provisions of this DCP are not statutory requirements and any development application will be considered on its merits. The consent authority is to be flexible in applying the controls and allow reasonable alternative solutions that achieve the overall vision, development principles and key elements for the precinct as well as the specific objectives of the controls.			
Role of the Indicative Structure Plan The Wentworth Point Precinct Indicative Structure Plan at Figure 2 shows how the overall precinct may develop over time. It is intended as a guide to demonstrate how the vision, development principles and key elements for the precinct may be achieved. It is recognised that there may be other options for the site's layout which may be as effective in achieving the above for the precinct. As such, Council may grant consent to a proposal that differs from the Indicative Structure Plan where the variation is considered to still achieve the vision, principles and key elements of this DCP.			
Consistency with Objectives and Controls in this DCP Clauses in this DCP contain objectives and controls relating to various aspects of development. The objectives enable Council and			Noted.
applicants to consider whether a particular	ĺ	ĺ	

proposal will achieve the development outcomes established for the precinct. The controls establish standards, which if met, mean that development should be consistent with the objectives. However, in some circumstances, strict compliance with the controls may not be necessary, or may be difficult to achieve because of the particular characteristics of a development site. In these situations, Council may grant consent to a proposal that does not comply with the controls in this plan, providing the relevant objectives are achieved. Where a variation is sought it must be justified demonstrating how the development will meet the vision and development principles as well as the objectives of the relevant control. 1.7 Information to be Submitted with				
Development Applications Information requirements for development applications are set out in Part 2 of the Auburn DCP 2010.				All relevant information required to properly assess this proposed civil works application has been provided and considered satisfactory.
1.8 Notification of Development Applications Notification of development applications will be undertaken in accordance with Part 3 of the Auburn DCP 2010.				Application has been appropriately notified in accordance with the ADCP 2010.
2.0 Vision, Principles and Indicative Structure	1	1	1	
2.1 Vision Wentworth Point is a vibrant urban community that forms a key part of the broader Sydney Olympic Park Specialised Precinct, makes a significant contribution to providing high quality housing for Sydney's diverse and growing population in an environment that embraces its location adjoining Homebush Bay, the Parramatta River and Sydney Olympic Park, Parklands and represents contemporary, high density sustainable living.				
2.2 Development Principles				
To achieve the vision, the Wentworth Point				
Precinct is to:				
a. strengthen the role of Wentworth Point as an integral part of the broader Sydney Olympic Park Specialised Precinct				The purpose of this subdivision application provides a layout plan and design for the precinct to allow the vision
b. create a network of unique, memorable and high quality placesc. respond to and enhance its unique natural				and objectives of the development principles of this clause to be realised.
setting on the Parramatta River d. provide a peninsula park that maximises				
amenity for the local community e. create a compact, walkable urban				
community f. provide high density, medium to high rise				
housing to increase housing choice g. incorporate a network of publicly				
accessible open spaces h. incorporate a primary school that serves				
the wider Wentworth Point community i. provide public view corridors to and from				
the Millennium Marker, Parramatta River and Sydney Olympic Park, Parklands				
j. create a complete, largely self-contained community				
 comprise a diverse and innovative built form that provides a high quality living environment 				
be resilient to climate change and sea level rise, and				
m. incorporate sustainability measures that reduce its impact on the natural environment.				
2.3 Indicative Structure Plan				
Objectives				

a.	To ensure that development in the precinct occurs in a coordinated manner consistent with the vision and development principles for the precinct.		
b.	To ensure the key elements of the precinct are delivered whilst providing a degree of flexibility as to the final layout and design of the precinct.		
<i>Coi</i> 1.	trols Development is to be generally consistent with the Indicative Structure Plan at Figure 2. Where variations are proposed, development is to demonstrate how the vision, development principles, key elements for the precinct and		Addressed under DA-274/2014, subdivision plan for Pt Lot 3 is generally in accordance with the structure plan of figure 2.
2.	relevant specific objectives are to be achieved. A subdivision development application is required for each of the two neighbourhoods prior to approval of any other development within that neighbourhood which is not for a public purpose. Each development application should address the following matters as they relates to that neighbourhood:		Council has received a subdivision application for each neighbourhood site being DA-273/2014 for Pt Lot 2 and DA-274/2014 for Pt Lot 3.
	 identify individual development lots, and lots for open space or other public purposes 		
	- confirm how development will be distributed across the neighbourhood consistent with the floor space ratio controls identified in the Auburn LEP, by allocating a maximum allowable floor space for each development lot		Distribution of floor space is inconsistent with the Auburn LEP provisions and is not supported
	- confirm the final street, pedestrian and cycleway network		The application includes a landscape design which proposes a pedestrian and cycle network in accordance with figure 8 of the plan. Final street/road is also in accordance with figure 3.
	- include a stormwater management strategy for the neighbourhood		Stormwater drainage including sewer works and catchment plan and other associated civil infrastructure works such as earthworks, roads, communications, gas and electricity drawing plans have been submitted with the application to facilitate future redevelopment of the site.
	- identify the proposed changes to the landform		Proposed construction of roads and road levels to be raised to provide new land topography to facilitate basement level construction above water table. The new land topography proposed is considered to be satisfactory and generally in accordance with figure 9.
	 confirm that the proposed development within the western neighbourhood would not impact on the ecological values of Newington Nature Reserve, including as a result of overshadowing 		Various specialist reports including, ecological impact statement has been prepared by Biosis in accordance with Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995, Env. Protection & Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999, Marine Environmental Assessment by Worley Parsons, Geotech investigations by Douglas Partners, have been provided to consider and address the impact of the development on the significance of the redevelopment of the site. Conclusion of the reports and the recommendations will be conditioned accordingly. Retention of saltmarsh headland is proposed.

				•
	- identify opportunities for deep soil planting within development lots, including front		\boxtimes	Application does not include building works.
	setbacks, (see Section 4.5) and within the public domain - a public art strategy (see section 3.5).			A draft strategy forming part of DA-274/2014 has been submitted with the application and is considered to be satisfactory. A comprehensive assessment of the strategy will be considered at detailed plan of subsequent applications made to Council.
Ref	er to Table 1 - Key elements (pg. 5-6)			Courien.
	Public Domain	I	ı	I
	Street Network and Design jectives			
a. b.	To create a distinct sense of place that responds to natural landscape features. To integrate with the surrounding street network by extending the existing alignment of	\boxtimes		
C.	Burroway Road and Ridge Road into the precinct and continuing the future alignment of Ridge Road to the peninsula park. To provide a legible, interconnected and permeable local street network, providing convenient opportunities for movement			
d.	throughout the precinct. To prioritise pedestrian and cyclist movement and provide places for people to	\boxtimes		
e.	interact and connect. To facilitate the safe and efficient movement of vehicles, pedestrians and cyclists.			
f. g.	To optimise view lines to the water, Millennium Marker and parklands. To coordinate and manage the potential raising of road levels to accommodate on-site			
h.	parking above the water table in order to avoid intrusion into the ground water table and potential land contamination and achieve acceptable flood protection. To create an attractive and comfortable streetscape for pedestrians and cyclists that comprise consistent and high quality paving, street furniture and street tree plantings.			
<i>Coi</i> 1.	ntrols The street network is to be generally consistent with Figure 3 . The western extension of Burroway Road and porthern			Proposed subdivision of Pt Lot 3 is generally in accordance with figure 3 – street network plan of this plan.
2.	extension of Burroway Road and northern extension of Ridge Road are to be located as shown. Local streets and shareways are to be located generally as shown or may be varied where the above objectives are met. In particular, to enhance sense of place, Ridge Road is to pivot north-east to directly align with Wentworth Point. New streets are to be generally consistent with the parameters in Table 2 below and the typical street sections at Figure 4 to Figure 7. Angle parking is to be provided on Ridge Road adjoining the peninsula park. Additional opportunities to provide parking within close proximity to the foreshore open space are also			Proposed new streets are consistent with the street dimensions of table 3 of this plan.
3.	to be explored. The extension of Burroway Road is to facilitate vehicular access to the block located to the west of the pocket park.			Application relates to civil works only.
	pooner paint		 	i remodilist islated to sivil works only.

 4. 5. 	The access road adjoining the maritime plaza is to facilitate emergency and service access. The design of the road is to integrate with that of the broader plaza. Shareways are to prioritise pedestrian and				This requirement will be addressed under subsequent applications at detailed design stage where compliance with this requirement is to be demonstrated by the applicant.
6.	cyclist movement whilst accommodating site access for emergency and service vehicles in a low speed traffic environment. Development applications are to identify				
0.	the future management arrangements for the shareways.				Conditiond to be included for amended
7.	Public pedestrian connections between the precinct and the adjoining Sydney Olympic Park, Parklands are to be provided through a				landscape plan/public domain plan to include provision of cyclist network.
8.	managed gradient change such as steps and ramps. Where the road levels are to be raised, an			\boxtimes	To be addressed under separate DA at detailed design stage.
•	applicant is to demonstrate that this is undertaken in a coordinated manner and the resultant streetscape and urban form can meet]		A satisfactory landscape design of the
9.	the relevant objectives of this DCP. Intersection and crossing design is to	\boxtimes	Ш		peninsular park has been submitted detailing proposed public domain works
10.	favour pedestrian convenience and safety. Footpaths are to be provided on both				which cover various detailed landscaping and local park embellishments such as
	sides of every street. Pavement width is to allow for comfortable walking, unimpeded by obstacles. The placement of trees, street				street furniture, bbq/picnic facilities, playground equipment etc.
	furniture and signage is to provide for amenity without causing clutter.	\boxtimes			
11.	A public domain plan is to be submitted with the relevant development application that		Ш		
	details the design, maintenance and management of all streets.				
12.	New streets are to have shared services pits to reduce maintenance costs and reduce		Ш		
13.	conflict with street plantings. Street furniture that enhances the comfort,	\boxtimes			
	legibility and attractiveness of the public domain is to be provided. It is to include high quality, durable and co-ordinated selection of:				
	- seating - lighting				
	- rubbish bins				Two existing fig trees will be retained as
	- signage.	\boxtimes			well as existing salt marsh on the
14.	Where possible, areas of planted Swamp Oak along Burroway Road and Hill Road				headland which will be protected. An arboriculture report prepared by
	should be retained or replaced as part of the landscape design.	\boxtimes			rboreport, dated 19/8/14 has also been submitted to accompany the
15.	Street trees are to be provided within				development application which is
	deep soil zones on all streets (with the exception of shareways) to achieve the following outcomes:				considered satisfactory.
	- co-ordinated palette of climatically responsive species				
	- reinforce the street hierarchy and create distinct places				
	- be robust and low-maintenance				
	 be planted in a co-ordinated, regularly spaced and formalised manner 				
	- increase the comfort of the public domain				
	for pedestrians				
	 enhance the environmental performance of the precinct by increasing opportunities 				
	for energy efficiency, reducing the heat				
	island effect and proving habitat for	Ш	Ш		
16.	wildlife. Planter boxes within share ways are to				
	support the growth of appropriate sized trees,				
	having regard for the Residential Flat Design				

2 2	Code guidelines on planting on structures.				
	Pedestrian and Cycle Network				
о <i>ы</i> а.	ectives To facilitate convenient movement, with				
a.	safe and direct connections between key				
	locations including the primary school, ferry				
	terminal, peninsula park, wider Sydney				
	Olympic Park, Parklands and the proposed				
	Homebush Bay Bridge.				
b.	To provide continuous foreshore public	\boxtimes			
	access.				
Cor	ntrols				
1.	The pedestrian and cyclist network is to	\boxtimes			Proposed subdivision plan is generally in
• •	be generally consistent with Figure 8 .				accordance with figure 8 of this plan.
2.	A continuous shared pedestrian and cycle	\boxtimes			·
	link is to be provided along the Parramatta				
_	River and Homebush Bay foreshore.	\boxtimes			
3.	The subdivision / block pattern is to				
	provide a number of safe and convenient walking and cycling routes, including				
	shareways, between key destinations and to				
	the river foreshore.				Satisfactory landscape design concept
4.	Pedestrian and cycle access throughout			—	plan has been submitted with the
	the precinct, including connections from roads				application detailing specific works such
	to public open space, is to be designed to:				as park facilities and local
	- be direct and accessible to all				embellishments, pedestrian and cycle
	be easily identified by usershave a public character				network to be provided.
	 include signage advising of the publicly- 				
	accessible status of the link and the				
	places to which it connects				
	- be clearly distinguished from vehicle				
	accessways, unless purpose built				
	shareways				
	 allow visibility along the length of the link to the public domain at each end 				
	- align with breaks between buildings so				
	that views are extended and the sense of				
	enclosure is minimised				
	- include materials and finishes (paving				
	materials, tree planting, furniture etc.)				
	integrated with adjoining streets and public spaces and be graffiti and				
	public spaces and be graffiti and vandalism resistant				
	- be well lit to safety standards				
	- be open to the sky along the entire length				
	- be accessible 24 hours a day.	\boxtimes			
5.	Lockable bike storage is to be provided as				
2 2	part of the Maritime Plaza. Landform and contamination				
	ectives				
a.	To minimise the impact of excavation on			\boxtimes	Appropriate specialist reports and
	the water table and existing ground conditions.				accompanying plans have been
b.	To ensure any above ground car parking				submitted to Council for assessment
	is appropriately located and screened to				regarding soil contamination and
	create attractive streetscapes, convenient				proposed cut and fill. The report and
	pedestrian movement and minimal visual impact on the public domain.				plans submitted are considered satisfactory.
c.	To integrate development sites with			\boxtimes	Satisfactory.
	surrounding landform through sensitive				
	gradient transitions.				
d.	To avoid disturbing acid sulphate soils.			\boxtimes	
0-	atrolo				
1.	ntrols The existing landform and internal roads may				
١.	be raised to accommodate parking above the	Ш	Ш	\bowtie	
	water table. The general form of any raising is				
	shown at Figure 9 . Any raising is to ensure:				

	- an appropriate visual and functional transition to the peninsula park and the Sydney Olympic Park, Parklands, and between development blocks, public open space and the school playing fields				
	- gradient changes across the site in accordance with applicable Australian Standards for accessibility				
2.	 that it will not result in any adverse impacts, such as stormwater runoff on adjoining land. Any raising in either the western or eastern neighbourhood is to be addressed as part of 			\boxtimes	
	the first subdivision development application that creates the internal road and block network, and is to demonstrate how the reformed topography integrates with the				
3.	surrounding area. The ground floor of buildings is to engage with and activate the adjoining street or public open				
4.	space. Basement parking areas are to be protected from flooding.			\boxtimes	
the abo	e: generally a ground floor level the same as adjoining footpath or park surface or up to 0.6m we the level of the adjoining footpath or park face will achieve this outcome.				
3.4	Open Space Network				
<i>Obj</i> a.	ectives To provide unique, high quality, and	\boxtimes			
a.	memorable places.	\boxtimes			
b.	To create an iconic peninsula park at Wentworth Point that reinforces the distinct		ш	ш	
	and valuable landscape character of Parramatta River.	\boxtimes			
C.	To create a continuous foreshore park along the precinct's Parramatta River frontage and continuous public open space along the				
d.	precinct's Homebush Bay frontage providing a range experiences along the foreshore. To provide a network of pocket parks,	\boxtimes			
	distributed across the precinct that allow for a diverse range of active and passive recreation uses.	\boxtimes			
e.	To integrate with the broader Sydney Olympic Park, Parklands and Wentworth Point open space network.] [] [
f.	To promote an attractive, green and	\boxtimes			
	environmentally sensitive character for the precinct.	\boxtimes			
g.	To optimise physical access and views to the water.				
h.	To protect and enhance the precinct's ecological values within the open space				
i.	network. To maximise the interface between		Ш	Ш	
	development and public open space to provide enhanced levels of residential amenity and casual surveillance of the public open space, including through the creation of a wedge of public open space between the school and eastern neighbourhood aligned with the pivot				
j.	of Ridge Road. To locate and design the school's primary open space so that it visually (and potentially functionally) integrates with the peninsula park, including enabling informal community recreational use outside of school hours.				

Cor 1.	ntrols Areas of publicly accessible open space	\boxtimes			Proposed subdivision incorporates
	are to be provided generally in accordance with Figure 10 and Figure 11 and the				designated public open space area that is consistent with figure 10 and 11 of this
	characteristics outlined in Table 3 . Variations to the open space network are to demonstrate				plan.
	consistency with the above objectives, the vision, development principles and key elements for the precinct.	\boxtimes			
2.	A high level of functional and visual engagement between any development and				
	pocket parks and the adjoining foreshore park and Sydney Olympic Park, Parklands is to be				
	achieved by: - providing convenient and safe public				
	pedestrian connections where possible - addressing level differences through				
	human scale transitions avoiding large or abrupt level changes				
	- screening all car parking and building services from view, and				
2 5	- providing view corridors in accordance with Figure 2. Public Art				
Obj	ectives				A draft public art strategy has been
a. b.	To enhance the sense of place through the provision of public art. To use public art to enhance and define				submitted with the application and is considered to be satisfactory.
υ.	the character areas of the precinct.		Ш	Ш	considered to be satisfactory.
Cor 1.	ntrols A public art strategy is required to form				
	part of the first subdivision development application for each of the two neighbourhoods				
	to achieve the following principles: - provide public art at key focal points				
	throughout the precinct in locations that maximise visibility;				
	- enhance the precinct's identity and sense of place; and				
0	- ensure public art is high quality, durable and low maintenance.				
2.	Development applications are to demonstrate consistency with the public art strategy for the relevant neighbourhood.		Ш		
	Private domain Land use and floor space distribution				
Obj	ectives				
a.	To reinforce the role of Wentworth Point as a major location for housing as part of the Sydney Olympic Park Specialised Precinct.				
b.	To ensure the vision, development principles and key elements for the precinct	\boxtimes			
c.	are delivered. To encourage a range of non-residential				
d.	uses that meet the needs of local residents. To ensure that floor space is appropriately distributed across the precinct.	\boxtimes			
Cor	ntrols				
1.	The distribution of land uses within the precinct is to be consistent with the	\boxtimes			As discussed previously, the distribution of land uses within the precinct is
	development principles and indicative structure plan in Figure 2 .				consistent with the structure plan of figure 2. Subdivision of Lot 2 into 4
2.	A range of non-residential uses are to be provided to meet the needs of the local				Torrens title lots is proposed which will comprise of the following land uses
	community. Retail uses are to be focused around the Maritime Plaza. Small scale retail				including Residential, Mixed use and Public open space land uses.

3.	uses such as cafes may be allowed where adjoining and engaging with pocket parks. The maximum floor space of individual buildings is to be consistent with the distribution of floor space approved by the relevant subdivision application (see Section 2.3).	\boxtimes		Proposed FSR is inconsistent with the FSR provisions under ALEP 2010 as discussed above.
	Building Height and form			
Obj	rectives To reinforce the role of Wentworth Point as a major location for housing and a key part of the Sydney Olympic Park Specialised Precinct.			Application relates to civil works only and thus the building height controls are not relevant at this stage.
b.	To create a visually interesting, modulated skyline comprised primarily of perimeter block development supported by a small number of		\boxtimes	Building height and form controls will be considered at detailed design stage under a subsequent application.
C.	taller tower buildings. To frame significant views between the Parramatta River and the Millennium Marker		\boxtimes	
d.	and to maximise view sharing. To reinforce the preferred urban form and enhance the legibility of the precinct by aligning greatest height to the western		\boxtimes	
e.	extension of Burroway Road and the northern extension of Ridge Road. To achieve a balance between an urban		\boxtimes	
f.	scale and creating a comfortable, human scale public domain. To ensure that the bulk and scale of			
	buildings is minimised and that building forms provide a high level of residential amenity.			
Cor	ntrols			
1.	Maximum building height in storeys is to be consistent with Figure 12 . Height measured in storeys is to be taken from the relevant adjacent street frontage. This enables consideration of the raising of the landform within the precinct, whereby while a building			
2.	may achieve the same height in metres it may present as a higher building in storeys at one frontage (refer to Figure 14 and Figure 15). Buildings heights are to be consistent with the following principles:		\boxtimes	
	 lower rise buildings (4 to 5 storeys) are to be located adjacent to the foreshore and the peninsula park, with vertical building elements providing articulation a range of building heights (typically 4 - 7 			
	storeys) with taller forms of up to 25 storeys balanced with lower rise perimeter block forms.		_	
3.	Lower rise building forms are to be consistent with the following principles: - perimeter block building forms generally enclose a central communal open space			
	full height gaps between buildings for visual connections between streets and communal open spaces within blocks			
	- maximum building lengths of 65m, but where a building has a length greater than 30m, it is to be separated into at least 2 parts by a significant recess or projection			
	 maximum building depth in accordance with the NSW Residential Flat Design Code. 			
4.	Taller building forms are to be consistent with the following principles: - a maximum of 6 x 25 storey buildings			

	across the precinct (5 in the western neighbourhood and 1 in the eastern neighbourhood)				
	 located generally in accordance with Figure 12 and distributed through the precinct 				
	- separated in accordance with the NSW Residential Flat Design Code				
	- a maximum individual footprint of 750m2 GFA				
	- oriented to take advantage of views and				
	enable view corridors to be obtained between the Millennium Marker and				
	Parramatta River - minimise overshadowing on public and				
	communal open space - not overshadow the peninsula park or				
	Parramatta River foreshore path from 9am and 3pm on 21 June				
	- incorporate a semi-podium to soften street presence				
	 - have a strong vertical emphasis in facade articulation. 				
4.3	Setbacks and Public Domain Interface				
Obj	ectives				
a.	To provide strong definition to the public domain and create a coherent, urban street wall that encloses streets.				Application relates to civil works only and thus these controls are not relevant at this stage.
b.	For ground floor residential uses, to create an attractive transitional space that			\boxtimes	Setbacks and public domain interface
	enables a high level of engagement between				controls will be considered at detailed
	the public and private domains, softens the impact of the built form and is capable of being				design stage under a subsequent application.
	used for private outdoor recreation.				
c.	For ground floor commercial uses, to build	Ш	Ш	\boxtimes	
	to the street alignment to maximise presence				
-1	and activation of the street.				
d.	To set taller building elements back from			\boxtimes	
	the street to reduce apparent building scale and bulk and enable adequate sunlight access				
	to the public domain.				
e.	To present a varied and visually attractive				
٥.	form when viewed from the Parramatta River	Ш	Ш	\bowtie	
	foreshore.				
	trols			\boxtimes	
1.	Minimum building setbacks are to be consistent with Figure 13 .	Ш	Ш		
2.	Setbacks from the outermost projection of			\boxtimes	
	the building to the property boundary or for shareways, to the edge of the shareway				
	corridor: - are to be between 3-5m				
	 may be reduced at key street corners where it can be demonstrated that it is to 				
	provide an urban design element, and				
	- may be reduced by up to 600mm for elements that articulate the building				
	facade such as balconies, party walls and				
3.	eaves. Buildings on street corners are to address			\boxtimes	
-	both street frontages.				
4.	Except where directly adjoining Sydney	Ш	Ш	\boxtimes	
	Olympic Park, Parklands, all above ground				
	carparking structures in areas highly visible from the public domain are to be suitably				
	sleeved with active frontages, which may				
	comprise residential or non-residential uses				
	such as shops and cafes.				

5.	Buildings fronting the river foreshore and peninsula park are to be generally in			\boxtimes	
	accordance with Figure 14 and:				
	- be highly modulated and articulated				
	 avoid long building forms fronting the water / open space, and 				
	- incorporate generous landscaping within				
6.	setbacks. Building setbacks to Sydney Olympic			\boxtimes	
0.	Park, Parklands are to be generally in				
	accordance with Figure 15 and:				
	 enable unrestricted emergency vehicle access to buildings in accordance with 				
	applicable building code requirements				
	 incorporate landscaping to reduce the visual impact of buildings and the 				
	emergency vehicle access and visually				
	integrate the precinct with the parklands,				
	andin accordance with CPTED principles				
	ensure that the setback is safe and clearly				
	identifiable as part of the precinct and not for general public access.				
7.	Development facing the extension of			\boxtimes	
	Burroway Road is to engage with the street and adjoining pocket park through layout and				
	design measures that provide an appropriate				
	balance between privacy and opportunities for				
8.	casual surveillance of the public domain. Residential uses at ground level are to be				
	in accordance with the following principles:				
	 ground level dwellings have their main entry directly accessible from and at the 				
	same level as the adjoining public				
	footpath or parkland or are raised by up to				
	600m - buildings and main living areas and				
	adjoining private open space are oriented				
	to be parallel and directly overlook the street or park, and				
	- front boundary treatments combine level				
	change, landscaping and fencing to provide a reasonable level of privacy for				
	residents whilst not significantly reducing				
^	visual surveillance.			\boxtimes	
9.	Commercial uses at ground level are to be in accordance with the following principles:				
	- at the same level as the adjoining public				
	footpath - highly glazed facades that engage with				
	the street				
	awnings for pedestrian shelteraccess in accordance with the Disability				
	Discrimination Act 1992.				
	Private Open Space ectives				
a.	To soften the visual impact of buildings.			\boxtimes	Application relates to civil works only and
b.	To cater for the recreational needs of				thus these controls are not relevant at
	building occupants and enhance comfort levels.				this stage.
C.	To provide communal open space for				Private open space controls will be
	residents that offers social opportunities and quality outlook from apartments.			\bowtie	considered at detailed design stage under a subsequent application.
d.	To contribute to the environmental				
	performance of the precinct by reducing the urban heat island effect and where appropriate				
	providing for habitat creation.				
Cor	ntrols				
501	0.0	ΙШ	ΙШ		

1.	Balconies are to meet the requirements of the NSW Residential Flat Design Code and have a minimum area of 8 sqm and a minimum dimension of 2m. Private open space for ground floor apartments is to meet the requirements of the NSW Residential Flat Design Code, and have				
3.	a maximum gradient of 1 in 20. Private open space and balconies are to be directly accessible from the living area of the dwelling and capable of serving as an extension of the living area. 4. Common open space / courtyards are to be located, designed and landscaped to: comprises generally a minimum of 30% of the development block incorporate shade trees enhance views from residential apartments and create recreational opportunities be the focal point for residents and incorporate residents facilities, storage space for maintenance equipment, public art (refer Section 3.5) and water features				
4.	where appropriate, and - achieve good amenity in terms of solar access and natural air flow. Additional communal open space on roof tops is encouraged in locations where it does not adversely impact on the residential amenity of surrounding residents.				
	Deep soil zones / landscaping				
Obj a.	ectives To improve amenity and soften the impact of				
a.	buildings through the provision of landscaping, including the retention and/or planting of trees.				
b.	To assist with the management of water quality.		Ш		
Cor	ntrols				
1.	Deep soil zones are to be provided consistent with the subdivision approval for the relevant				Proposed subdivision plan provides opportunities for deep soil
2.	neighbourhood (see Section 2.3). Where the deep soil zone requirements set out		Ш		zones/landscaping.
	the Residential Flat Design Code cannot be met, a similar extent of landscaping is to be				Compliance with deep soil requirements will be required to be demonstrated at
	provided, and designed in accordance with the Residential Flat Design Code guidelines for				detailed design stage under a subsequent application.
	planting on structures.				Subsequent application.
	Building Design and Materials				
о <i>ы</i> а.	ectives To achieve diversity and interest in the		П	\boxtimes	Application relates to civil works only and
b.	architectural character of the development. To make a positive contribution to				thus these controls are not relevant at this stage.
٠.	streetscape quality.		Ш		, and the second
C.	To reduce the appearance of building bulk and scale.			\boxtimes	Building design and materials controls will be considered at detailed design stage under a subsequent application.
Cor	ntrols				
1.	To create a varied, diverse built form, each building is to have its own distinct, innovative design that represents		Ш		
	contemporary best practice in architectural				
	and urban design quality. Note: Different architectural firms are encouraged to design				
2	each building.			\boxtimes	
2.	Buildings have a high level of articulation through: - variation in form and massing]		
	~	I		I	

	 recesses and projections useable balconies and decks, and elements of a finer scale than the main 				
	structural framing such as eaves and awnings.				
3.	An arresting and diverse range of building facades are to be provided, incorporating				
	elements that express visually prominent parts of buildings such as corners.			\boxtimes	
4.	Facades are to incorporate distinct, legible pedestrian entries and engage with the				
	public domain through the extensive use of large windows and other openings and the				
5.	avoidance of large expanses of blank walls. Rooflines are to be:		Ш		
	 articulated to provide visual interest and contribute to a dynamic, modulated skyline, and 				
	 designed to facilitate the establishment of devices that enhance the environmental 				
	performance of the buildings, including green roofs, solar panels and rainwater				
6.	collection and storage. Variations in materials and colours are to				
7.	be used to differentiate between the parts of buildings, in particular the base. Buildings are to include a variety of high				
7.	quality, durable materials in a range of compatible colours such as rendered concrete				
	or face brick and include components of timber, steel and glass except highly reflective				
8.	glass. Utility elements are to be designed as				
9.	integral parts of the building. Building design is to consider the Building Amerity provisions of the NCW Residential		Ш		
	Amenity provisions of the NSW Residential Flat Design Code, and in particular achieve a minimum of 3 hours direct sunlight between 9				
	am and 3 pm in midwinter to living rooms and private open spaces for at least 70% of				
	apartments.				
	Wind effects ectives				
a.	To ensure that taller residential apartment buildings satisfy nominated wind standards so			\boxtimes	To be considered at detailed design stage under separate application.
	as to maintain comfortable conditions for pedestrians, maintain the structural integrity of				Subject application relates to subdivision only and as such wind effect
	buildings and encourage the growth of street trees.				requirements are not relevant.
Cor	ntrols				
1.	A wind effects report is to be submitted with development applications for buildings			\boxtimes	
	over seven storeys, and is to demonstrate that the wind effects caused by development does				
	not exceed: - 10 metres per second on streets with				
	active frontages16 metres per second for all other streets.				
2.	Building design is to minimise adverse wind effects on recreation facilities and open				
3.	spaces within developments. Balconies are to be designed to minimise			\boxtimes	
	wind impacts and maximise useability and comfort through recessed balconies, operable screens, pergolas and shutters.				
	Vehicular Access and Car Parking				
<i>Obj</i> a.	ectives To ensure the amount, location and			\square	Not relevant to current application for
	The same and the same and	I LI			

	design of car parking caters for the needs of			subdivision.
b. c.	residents, workers and visitors. To minimise adverse traffic impacts. To encourage active transport such as walking, cycling and public transport.			
d.	To create a high quality streetscape outcome that provides a safe, convenient and comfortable pedestrian environment where car parking is not visually dominant.			
Cor 1.	ntrols Car parking for residential uses is to be provided as set out in Table 4 .			
Dv Stu 1 b 2 b 3 b gre	le 4 – Minimum residential car parking requirements: velling Type Minimum car parking rate udio 1.0 bedroom 1.0 bedroom 1.1 bedrooms or 2.0 beater			
	oitors 0.1			
2.	Car parking for non-residential uses is to be provided in accordance with the Auburn DCP.			
3.	Car parking is to be provided within the development blocks but may extend under share ways if required. Car parking is not permitted under primary or local [check] roads or the foreshore and peninsula parks. Car			
4.	parking may intrude in part under pocket parks provided that appropriate ownership and management agreements are established and it does not preclude or limit deep soil planting. Car parking entrances are to be:			
	 in accordance with Parking and loading, Section 3.4 - General parking design and Section 4.4.2- Design of parking spaces of the Auburn DCP 2010 where alternative locations exist, excluded from the western extension of Burroway Road or opposite a public park limited to a maximum of 2 entrances per 			
	block - screened for the full height and width of			
	the entrance to minimise views into the car park from the public domain, and - maintain clear sight lines for vehicles			
	entering and exiting the car park and pedestrians using the footpath outside the entrance in accordance with Parking and leading. Section 2.2. Sight distance and			
5.	loading, Section 3.3 - Sight distance and pedestrian safety. Access driveways and circulation roadways		\boxtimes	
	are provided in accordance with Parking and loading, Section 3.2 – Access driveway and circulation roadway design of the Auburn DCP			
6.	2010. Development is to incorporate on-site bicycle parking in accordance with Parking and			
	loading, Section 3.1 - Bicycle parking of Auburn DCP 2010.			
7.	Residential development is to provide an appropriate number of car share parking spaces for the exclusive use of car share			
	scheme vehicles. Car share parking spaces are to be included in the number of car parking			
	spaces permitted on a site. The car share parking spaces are to be:			
	 exclusive of visitor car parking 			

	 retained as common property by the Owners Corporation of the site, and not sold or leased to an individual owner/occupier at any time made available for use without a fee or charge by operators of car share schemes grouped together in the most convenient locations relative to car parking area entrances and pedestrian lifts or access points located in a well-lit places that allows for casual surveillance where the space is external, located adjacent to a public road and integrated with the streetscape through appropriate landscaping signposted for use only by car share vehicles, and made known to building occupants and car share members through appropriate signage which indicates the availability of the scheme and promotes its use as an alternative mode of transport. 				
8.	how the car share parking space is to be accessed, including arrangements where it is accessed through a security gate. A covenant is to be registered with the strata plan advising of any car share parking space(s). The covenant is to include provisions that the car share parking space(s) cannot be revoked or modified without prior approval of Council. A Travel Access Guide approved by Council prior to occupation is to be made available to residents and non-residential tenants of				
4.9	development. Safety and Security				
Obj	ectives				
a.	To provide high levels of property safety and personal comfort and safety.	Ш	Ш		Not relevant to current application for subdivision.
b.	To minimise opportunities for criminal and anti-social behaviour.				
Cor 1.	Development is to meet the principles of Crime Prevention through Environmental Design (CPTED), including: - maximising opportunities for casual surveillance of the public domain, including parks, from the main living area of dwellings - maximising legibility of the movement network, public domain and building entrances - maximising visibility and minimising concealed areas, particularly at building entrances - clearly demarcating the public and private domain, and - adequate lighting to all areas of the public domain.				
2.	Building design is to maximise opportunities for casual surveillance of the			\boxtimes	
3.	streets and communal spaces within the site. Ground floor dwellings fronting the streets are to have an "address" or "front door" that is visible and directly accessible from the street.				

4.	The detailed design of the external areas of the ground floor is to minimise blind-corners, recesses and other areas which have			
5.	the potential for concealment. Building entries are to be clearly visible, unobstructed and easily identifiable from the			
6.	street, other public areas and other development. Where practicable, lift lobbies, stairwells			
	and corridors are to be visible from public areas by way of glass panels or openings.			
	0 Adaptable housing ectives			
a.	To ensure a sufficient proportion of dwellings include accessible layouts and features to accommodate changing requirements of residents.			Not relevant to current application for subdivision.
b.	To encourage flexibility in design to allow people to adapt their home as their needs change due to age or disability.			
<i>Cor</i> 1.	Residential development is to meet the requirements for adaptable housing within residential flat buildings set out in the Auburn			
5.0	DCP 2010. Sustainability and Environmental			
	nagement Sustainability			
	ectives	 		
a. b.	To increase energy efficiency. To reduce reliance on potable water.			A Basix Certificate is not required for civil works applications.
C.	To be climatically responsive and maximise			worke applications.
	advantages provided by the precincts north facing waterfront location including access to			
	winter sunlight and cooling summer breezes.			
d.	To reduce waste and increase the reuse and recycling of materials.		\boxtimes	
Cor	ntrols			
1.	Residential development is to comply with BASIX.			
2.	The re-use of grey water and provision of dual water reticulation systems is encouraged where possible.			
3.	Development adjacent to the waterfront that faces north should optimise the amount of glazing on the northern façade and incorporate			
	deep and extensive balconies.			
4.	Public amenities are to use water and energy efficient fittings.			
	Water Management			
a.	ectives To reduce stormwater quantity and			Not relevant to current application for
	improve stormwater quality prior to it exiting			subdivision.
b.	the precinct. To reduce reliance on potable water for			
	use in irrigations systems.			
C.	To reduce the risk to human life and property from flooding to acceptable levels.		\boxtimes	
d.	To ensure resilience to climate change and potential future sea level rise.		\boxtimes	
Cor	ntrols			
1.	Development incorporates water management measures generally in accordance with Figure 16 .		\boxtimes	
2.	Development incorporates a suite of other water sensitive urban design measures, in			

	particular those that replicate natural water cycle processes, in the public domain and				
	within blocks such as: - on-site water detention				
	- bio-retention systems				
	- swales				
	- gully baskets				
	- stormwater quality improvement devices				
	permeable pavements; andcollection of rainwater for use in irrigation				
	systems in the public domain, including				
	streets, parks and private communal				
	recreation areas.				
3.	The following stormwater targets are to be				
	met for the entire precinct:				
	- 90% reduction in the post-development				
	average annual gross pollutant load85% reduction in the post-development				
	average annual total suspended solids				
	(TSS) load				
	- 65% reduction in the post-development				
	average annual total phosphorus (TP)				
	load				
	 45% reduction in the post-development average annual total nitrogen (TN) load 				
4.	The following stormwater targets are to be				
••	met for specific sites:		Ш		
	- 92% reduction in the post-development				
	average annual gross pollutant load.				
	- 90% reduction in the post-development				
	average annual total suspended solids (TSS) load.				
	- 68% reduction in the post-development				
	average annual total phosphorus (TP)				
	load.				
	- 47% reduction in the post-development				
_	average annual total nitrogen (TN) load.				
5.	Hard paved surfaces within the peninsula park and along the foreshore promenade are			\boxtimes	
	to maintain permeability.				
6.	Development complies with the flood risk			\boxtimes	
	management provisions of the Auburn DCP		ш		
	2010.				
7.	Development applications are to			\boxtimes	
	demonstrate that proposed changes to the landform will not result in increased		_		
	stormwater runoff to adjoining sites.				
5.3	Ecology				
Obj	ectives				
a.	To ensure that development does not	\boxtimes	Ш		Various specialist reports including,
	impact on the ecological values of the adjoining Newington Nature Reserve and				ecological impact statement has been prepared by Biosis in accordance with
	Homebush Bay.				Threatened Species Conservation Act
b.	To protect and enhance the ecological				1995, Env. Protection & Biodiversity
	values of the precinct.		Ш		Conservation Act 1999, Marine
	ntrols				Environmental Assessment by Worley
1.	Demonstrate that development will not		Ш		Parsons, Geotech investigations by
	impact on the ecological values of the Newington Nature Reserve as a result of water				Douglas Partners, have been provided to consider and address the impact of the
	run-off or overshadowing. Consideration is to				development on the significance of the
	be given to the Guidelines for Development				civil works proposed and redevelopment
	adjoining Department of Environment and				of the site. Conclusion of the reports and
_	Climate Change Land.				the recommendations will be conditioned
2.	For the peninsula park and the foreshore open	\boxtimes			accordingly. Retention of saltmarsh
	space: - Coastal Saltmarsh Threatened Ecological				headland is proposed.
	Community on the eastern point of the				
	peninsula park is to be protected and				
	regenerated to increase the diversity and				

	density of the community's indicator		
	species (including the Wilsonia		
	backhouse species), and weeds are to be		
	eradicated		
	 riparian vegetation is to be re-established 		
	along the foreshore in particular around		
	wetlands and to enhance existing		
	mangroves and areas of planted Swamp		
	Oak		
	- suitable species and extent of		
	revegetation is to be identified by an		
	ecologist		
	- boardwalks are not to encroach on		
	Coastal Saltmarsh Threatened Ecological		
	Community and are to form a barrier to		
	weed infestation		
	- interpretive signage is to be provided		
	along the boardwalk in appropriate		
	locations to educate the community about		
	the Coastal Saltmarsh and Wilsonia		
	backhouse.		
3.	The timing of construction works is to		
	avoid impacts on the White-bellied Sea-eagle.		